City of Waynesville, Missouri

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended December 31, 2020



Table of Contents

Independent Auditors' Report	4
Management's Discussion and Analysis	9
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	21
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	25
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	
Statement of Net Position – Enterprise Funds	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Enterprise Funds	
Statement of Cash Flows – Enterprise Funds	
Notes to the Financial Statements	
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	
Schedule of Contributions	
Notes to the Schedule of Contributions	71
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	72
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Transportation Fund	74
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Park and Pool Fund	75
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Community Improvement District Fund	
Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules	77

Other Reporting Requirements

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting	
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial	
Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	79
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for each Major Program	
and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	83
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	84
Summary Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	85
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	87
Corrective Action Plan	88



Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Waynesville Waynesville, Missouri

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and each major fund, of the City of Waynesville, Missouri, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

www.kpmcpa.com

1445 E. Republic Road Springfield, MO 65804 | 417-882-4300 | fax 417-882-4343

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and each major fund of the City of Waynesville, Missouri, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Contributions, and the Notes to Schedule of Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Waynesville, Missouri's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Audits,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 8, 2021, on our consideration of the City of Waynesville, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Waynesville, Missouri's internal control over financial.

KPM CPAS, PC

KPM CPAs, PC Springfield, Missouri June 8, 2021

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2020

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the City of Waynesville, Missouri's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The net position of the City's governmental activities increased by \$1,564,408 for the year ended December 31, 2020, as a result of current year activities. The net position of the City's business-type activities increased by \$193,771 for the year. Over time, increases in the net position are a key indicator of the financial health of the City.

The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities as of December 31, 2020, by \$23.5 million (net position), an increase of \$1,758,179 from the previous year.

Total liabilities of the City increased by \$751,203 during the year ending December 31, 2020. The City continued to make payments on its Certificates of Participation and equipment leases and obtained a new bridge loan.

Based on the evaluation of the City's financial condition, the City maintained an A, stable rating with Standard and Poor's rating agency during the 2020 fiscal year.

Sales tax revenues increased 14% while utility revenues decreased 3% from the 2019 fiscal year.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows using the accrual basis of accounting. This is similar to the accounting methods used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The City's net position – the difference between assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows – is one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2020

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities: Most of the City's basic services are reported here. Taxes are the primary source of financing for these activities.

Business-Type Activities: The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water, sewer, electric, gas, and solid waste transfer station services are provided here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's funds and not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes and grants.

Governmental Funds: Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and the governmental funds are shown in a reconciliation following the fund financial statements.

Enterprise Funds: When the City charges customers for the services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units of the City – these services are generally reported in enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

December 31, 2020

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net Position

The following table presents the condensed Statement of Net Position for the City as of December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

	Governmental	Pusinoss Tuno	Total December 31,	Total December 31,
	Activities	Business-Type Activities	2020	2019
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 4,288,795	\$ 3,907,775	\$ 8,196,570	\$ 7,601,169
Capital assets	25,966,717	12,357,816	38,324,533	36,500,588
Total Assets	30,255,512	16,265,591	46,521,103	44,101,757
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred refunding charges	7,151	40,522	47,673	56,753
Deferred pension outflows	399,278	184,890	584,168	492,900
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	406,429	225,412	631,841	549,653
Liabilities				
Other liabilities	1,253,799	2,210,207	3,464,006	3,513,055
Long-term liabilities	12,259,044	7,590,734	19,849,778	19,049,526
Total Liabilities	13,512,843	9,800,941	23,313,784	22,562,581
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred pension inflows	167,127	125,709	292,836	300,684
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	13,767,327	4,875,190	18,642,517	17,714,188
Restricted	528,528	142,606	671,134	960,624
Unrestricted	2,686,116	1,546,557	4,232,673	3,113,333
Total Net Position	\$ 16,981,971	\$ 6,564,353	\$ 23,546,324	\$ 21,788,145

Total net position of the City increased by \$1,758,179 for the year ended December 31, 2020. Total liabilities for the City have increased by \$751,203. Restricted net position of the City totaled \$671,134 as of December 31, 2020. This amount represents monies that are restricted for debt service and donations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2020

Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Year Ended December 31, 2020	Total Year Ended December 31, 2019
Revenues, Transfers, and Special Item				
Program Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 1,265,299	\$ 10,646,002	\$ 11,911,301	\$ 12,127,994
Operating grants and contributions	3,163,068	33,324	3,196,392	2,794,610
Capital grants and contributions	547,437	-	547,437	4,735,217
General Revenues				
Sales taxes	1,556,054	-	1,556,054	1,363,188
Ad valorem taxes	457,727	-	457,727	439,260
Motor vehicle and gas taxes	189,533	-	189,533	197,117
Other taxes	-	-	-	715
Franchise fees	76,002	-	76,002	88,822
Interest	18,797	21,539	40,336	67,065
Other revenue	88,707	-	88,707	160,055
Special item	335,579	-	335,579	-
Transfers	1,675,010	(1,675,010)		
Total Revenues, Transfers, and Special				
ltem	9,373,213	9,025,855	18,399,068	21,974,043
Expenses				
City hall	995,911	-	995,911	1,115,305
Fire	313,137	-	313,137	298,688
Public safety	811,553	-	811,553	911,797
Municipal court	144,792	-	144,792	131,199
Street	573,872	-	573,872	647,124
Park and pool	493,865	-	493,865	535,260
Cemetery	968	-	968	968
Airport	3,678,520	-	3,678,520	3,221,663
Animal shelter	254,740	-	254,740	205,424
Building department	142,622	-	142,622	114,367
Debt service	398,825	-	398,825	366,068
Electric	-	6,008,522	6,008,522	5,949,229
Water and sewer	-	1,687,641	1,687,641	1,800,753
Trash	-	272,869	272,869	260,402
Natural gas		863,052	863,052	1,147,824
Total Expenses	7,808,805	8,832,084	16,640,889	16,706,071
Increase in Net Position	\$ 1,564,408	\$ 193,771	\$ 1,758,179	\$ 5,267,972

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2020

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the net position of the City by \$1,564,408. Tax revenues for the City were \$2,279,316 which represents 25% of the funding of these activities. Program revenues for the functions totaled \$4,975,804 or 55% of the funding. The following table shows the cost of the City's programs as well as each programs' net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the taxpayers by each of these functions.

Net Cost of the City of Waynesville, Missouri's Governmental Activities

	Fotal Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
City hall	\$ 995,911	\$	646,253	
Fire	313,137		313,137	
Public safety	811,553		703,272	
Municipal court	144,792		144,792	
Street	573,872		445,885	
Park and pool	493,865		326,417	
Cemetery	968		368	
Airport	3,678,520		(347,585)	
Animal shelter	254,740		75,145	
Building department	142,622		126,492	
Debt service	 398,825	398,82		
	\$ 7,808,805	\$	2,833,001	

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$193,771. In the current year, the business-type activities transferred \$1,675,010 to the governmental funds.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The combined fund balance of the City's governmental funds as of December 31, 2020, was \$3,547,531. The General Fund increased by \$96,878, the Transportation Fund decreased by \$120,809, the Park and Pool Fund increased by \$212,934, the Community Improvement District (CID) Fund increased by \$50,000, and the Debt Service Fund increased by \$1,811.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original and the final budget can be summarized as follows:

- The original revenue budget of \$6,841,750 decreased to \$6,374,199 due to an decrease in grants received for the airport project.
- The original expenditures budget of \$8,562,259 was increased to \$8,790,466.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2020

Capital Asset & Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Capital assets of the governmental activities were \$25,966,717 (net of accumulated depreciation) as of December 31, 2020. This represents a \$2,242,134 increase from the prior year. Capital assets for business-type activities were \$12,357,816 as of December 31, 2020. This represents a decrease of \$418,189 from the prior year.

Debt

Total debt of the governmental activities as of December 31, 2020, was \$12,222,403, which is up from \$11,383,236 in the prior year.

Total debt of the business-type activities as of December 31, 2020, was \$8,003,154, which is down from \$8,287,994 in the prior year.

Economic Factors & Next Year's Budget

The City of Waynesville accomplished many things throughout the year despite the COVID-19 Global pandemic and a major change of leadership throughout the city. Incumbent Mayor, Luge Hardman decided not to run for re-election and Dr. Jerry Brown was sworn in as Mayor in 2020 after a monumental election delay by the Missouri Governor, Mike Parson. Additionally, City Administrator, Bruce Harrill, retired from the City and was succeeded by John Doyle. Through the tireless work of the city staff, the Mayor, City Council, and the various committees and teams of volunteers, the city had a year to remember. Some of our 2020 key projects are identified below.

Key Projects for 2020

Airport Improvements: The Waynesville St. Robert Regional Airport is located on Fort Leonard Wood, MO. The City of Waynesville and St. Robert manage the airport through the Joint Airport Advisory Board. Day-to-day operations and administrative duties fall to the City of Waynesville staff. In the year 2020, the city was able to accomplish many things at the airport, despite the setbacks the global pandemic had on the travel industry.

- *TAMP:* The City engaged engineering firm, Burns & McDonnel to begin work on the Terminal Area Master Plan (TAMP). The first draft of the TAMP was submitted to MODOT and sent back with some revisions. The updated draft was resubmitted and staff hope to receive an approved copy of the new TAMP sometime in 2021.
- Airport Certification Manual: City staff had the task of completing upgrades and corrections to the current Airport Certification Manual. Once these tasks were completed, manual was submitted to the FAA and was given final approval during 2020.
- *Terminal Modification:* To support the expanded jet service, the city executed a State of Missouri Grant to modify the existing terminal by adding three modular units. The modifications were necessary to support the new jet service airline with a 30-seat capacity, as compared to the previous carrier that was limited to a 9-seat plane. Construction began in 2019 and was completed in early 2020.
- *CARES Act Grant:* With the major economic effects of the COVID 19 pandemic hitting the travel industry, the city was able to procure a grant, with the assistance of MODOT. The grant was in the amount of \$69,000 and could be used to assist with maintenance and operations at the airport.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2020

• *Marketing Grant:* The city applied for and received an airport marketing grant in the amount of \$30,000 from MODOT Aviation Division. The Joint Airport Board put together a plan to utilize the funds, which was executed throughout the year.

Street Department: The Street Department had a year of changes with long-time Street Superintendent, Brian Adams retiring in December of 2020. Jason Chapman was promoted to Street Superintendent at the end of the year. The Department worked tirelessly throughout the year and were able to complete several projects.

- Volkswagen Truck Grant: The City received a grant to replace one of its older trucks with a 2020 Peterbuilt double tandem dump truck. Miriam Jones submitted this grant on behalf of the city as part of the Volkswagen settlement with the State of Missouri. The city was awarded \$61,520 to make this purchase, with a 50% match required. This is the second truck the city has been able to purchase under this grant program.
- *GW Lane Street Expansion:* After obtaining the necessary right-of-way from MODOT, City crews laid the road bed and cleared a path for an expansion of the GW Lane Street. This expansion added a turning lane, which will help mitigate traffic during heavy traffic flow. Crews began planning for a sidewalk in that area for students and citizens The city plans to continue research on the best placement of the sidewalk in the future.
- *Road Paving:* The city was able to pave the following roads during FY2020 Bailey St., School St., North Lynn, North Benton, Ousley, Hull Drive, Birch St., Prospect, Rayl, and Home St. It was discovered that there was water eroding the road bed underneath Glen Haven. After further inspection, the area was prioritized and a massive project was undertaken to repair the damage. Once the repairs were made, Glen Haven was completely repaved.

Water/Wastewater Department: Like many other departments, the Water/WasteWater department overcame many obstacles created by the COVID 19 pandemic. Being short staffed and working split shifts for several months, the department still had a had a successful year with one employee earning their DS2 certification and another employee earning a Class A WasteWater Certification. The department now consists of six full time employees, four of which are A Licensed WasteWater operators and five of which are DS2 certified staff.

- *Well #6 at Summit Subdivision:* City workers worked on cosmetic upgrades at well #6. These upgrades were necessary due to the smoke damage caused by the 2019 fire. The building was scrubbed to remove smoke deposits, primed and painted.
- Northern Heights Pad & Water Tank site: City workers continued work on the Northern Heights water tank that began in 2019. Although COVID 19 delayed delivery of several crucial parts, the department was able to finish the installation of the booster pumps and a building to house the pumps in 2020. They hope to have the new upgrades operational by mid-2021.
- SCADA: City Administration, with support from the Utility Committee and City Council were able to procure a SCADA system installation. SCADA stands for Supervisor Control and Data Acquisition a system that allows City Workers to monitor water wells, storage tanks, and lift stations remotely including alarms. This allows the workers to quickly identify water issues, helping decrease the number of outages by increasing response time. This was a huge upgrade to the City's water utility infrastructure that will benefit citizens for years to come.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2020

• Industrial Park Development: City Workers upgraded and extended water service to the City's industrial park in order to provide service to new developments. This will not only benefit the medical marijuana cultivation facility currently being constructed, but future developments in the industrial park area.

Public Works Construction Department: The Public Works Construction Department had a year of changes with long-time Supervisor, Dewayne Baker retiring in December of 2020 and will begin recruiting his replacement in 2021. The department accomplished many things this year including the construction of the new ADA accessible park restroom, completion of the northern trail head kiosk and installation 1,050ft of sidewalk to complete the trail, and upgrades to the offices at City Hall. Crews began work on a French drain at the Waynesville City Park that should help with standing water and erosion problems that recur on and near the recreational sports fields in the park. The city hopes to complete this project in 2021. The construction department assists all the other departments on any jobs throughout the city as needed and were invaluable during 2020 due to staff shortages due to split shifts and COVID 19 quarantines.

Electric Department: The Electric Department was able to complete several big projects, despite being short-staffed and operating with split-shifts during the worst of the COVID – 19 pandemic. The Department added to its success with Joshua Evans graduating apprenticeship school, becoming a Journeyman Linemen.

- *Pole Numbering & Testing*: City workers completed numbering all the electric poles within the city, and every primary pole now has a GPS point. The city completed system wide pole testing, revealing that 52 poles needed replaced. Staff were able to complete the change out of all 52 red flagged poles.
- New Services: City electric crews installed several new services throughout the city in 2020. They wired the new ADA accessible bathroom in the Waynesville City Park, installed the new service and wired all electric for the new Northern Heights water tank, installed the new three phase service going to the Pulaski County Justice Center, extended a line for the Justice Center maintenance building, installed a new three phase power line to the newest addition of the Waynesville Middle School, and installed 100% of the power to all buildable lots in the Woodland Hills subdivision.
- Infrastructure Improvements: There were several infrastructure improvements that took place within the electrical system in 2020. The city came to an agreement with the Waynesville School District to turn the 1,000ft of three phase power line going over the East Elementary playground into underground. Electrics crews turned a 600ft overhead line that was running through woods into an underground line, cutting down on several recurring power outages due to falling trees. Crews installed new street lights going down Pine Street and reconductored 1,600ft of power line in the Bluff Circle area. Crews also completed 2,800ft tie line to complete an entire system loop, meaning the City's entire electrical system is now looped together.
- Storms & Mutual Aid: Waynesville Electric Crews were called upon by our neighbors in Lebanon, MO after a disastrous storm hit their city. Our crew spent a week there, assisting with power restoration. Our neighbors were not the only ones to be hammered by storms, and in July of 2020 there was a major storm in Waynesville that put over 1,100 customers out of power. Crews were able to have all by three customers restored with 17.5 hours, and the remaining three were off due to electric damage to their service lines going into their homes.

Parks Department: The Parks Department said farewell to their long-time Park Superintedent, Randy Brown when he retired in early 2020. The city promoted Trey Haragen as the new Parks Superintendent. Due to the COVID 19 pandemic,

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2020

the Little Heroes Playground, along with all other city playgrounds were closed to stop the spread of the virus. Additionally, the Waynesville St. Robert Youth Sports recreational seasons were cancelled in 2020.

- Scrap Tire Grant: The city applied for a Scrap Tire Grant and received a total of \$9,506 to purchase picnic tables and park benches made with recycled Missouri tires. The tables and chairs have been placed in various community parks throughout the city.
- Recreational Trail Program Grant: The city executed a Recreational Trail Program grant that would establish a trailhead facility at the Roubidoux Park. This included adding paved parking with handicap accessible spaces, an ADA compliant bathroom, and 1,050 linear feet of trail, connecting the park to the historic downtown Waynesville area. The grant also included the installation of a trailhead kiosk that can be utilized by the community and the city to post information regarding upcoming events, youth sports, and the Trail of Tears Memorial Site. The City was awarded \$88,000 to complete the project, with the city matching those funds with in-kind labor.
- *Tiger Playground*: The City purchased new playground equipment for the Tiger Playground located in the Hull Valley subdivision. Previously, there was minimal, outdated equipment and a small pavilion on the site. Citizens in that area are happy with the much-needed improvements.

Animal Shelter: The Animal Shelter takes care of animals that are abandoned, neglected or surrendered and work hard to get them back in good health, eventually placing them in their forever homes.

- *Poppy's Play Yard:* In 2020, a small dog was found that was extremely emaciated. Despite all efforts made by city staff and the veterinary team, Poppy passed away. The support from the community was remarkable and a fundraiser to pay for Poppy's medical care was held in the Waynesville Park. Proceeds from this benefit exceeded the City's expectations. The City was able to utilize those funds to create "Poppy's Play Yard", a fenced in play area on the Animal Shelter's property that allows shelter dogs to play outdoors.
- Intergovernmental Agreements: In 2020, Animal Shelter staff were able to renegotiate the existing IGA with the City of St. Robert that would create a more equal share in the liability at the shelter. Additionally, a new contract was entered into with Fort Leonard Wood. FLW built a brand-new facility and contracted the Waynesville St. Robert Animal Shelter to man it. During construction of the new facility, there was no certified animal shelter in the area that could take in cats. Now, the city can take in stray cats and rehome them if they're found on FLW.

Newly Elected/Appointed Officials:

- John Doyle Appointed City Administrator
- Dr. Jerry Brown Elected Mayor
- Michael Curtis Re-Elected Councilman, Ward IV
- Rob Rice Elected Councilman, Ward I
- Ed Conley Re-Elected Councilman, Ward III
- Cecil Davis Re-Elected Councilman, Ward II

Personnel

Resignations: The following personnel resigned their position with the City and moved on to new opportunities: Nathan Acosta, Autumn (Niki) Brown, Lisa Cockrum, Ashlie Good, Aaron Hall, Tyler Hidgon, Officer Thomas Kullburg, Justin

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2020

McHugh, Trent Milligan, Trenton Morgan, Officer Kenneth Nelson, Adam Posey, Hunter Powers, Officer Travis Schaffer, Bo Sumner, Denice Vantichelt, Christopher Vernon, and Jeffrey White.

Promotions: The following City employees were promoted to other positions in 2020: Joshua Evans (Journeyman Lineman), Tylor Gross (Apprentice Lineman Year 1), Erin Ruiz (Youth Sports Director), Daniella Breedlove (Animal Shelter Supervisor), Trey Haragen (Parks Superintendent), Richard Francis (Assistant Park Superintendent), and Jason Chapman (Street Superintendent).

Newly Hired Employees: The City of Waynesville is fortunate to be able to attract skilled and qualified employees to work here to include: Melony Bruce (City Hall Reception), Kristen Grimm (Animal Shelter), Officer Brad Halterman (Patrolman), Michael Hall (Water Dept.), Jacob Lopez (Natural Gas Technician), Officer Joseph Mendez (Patrolman), Officer Brian Moore (Patrolman), Tyler Ohmart (Animal Shelter), Garry Powers (Parks Summer Hire) and R.C. Shockley (Apprentice Lineman).

Retired: Bruce Harrill, City Administrator retired in June 2020; Randy Brown, Parks Superintendent retired in January of 2020; Dewayne Baker, Construction Supervisor, retired in December 2020; and Brian Adams, Street Superintendent, retired in December 2020.

Looking Forward: Overview of the Fiscal Year Budget 2021

Our 2021 budget of \$ 20.2 million is down slightly from our 2020 budget of \$20.9 million. Administrative staff worked tirelessly to consolidate accounts and streamline the budget. In previous years, several employees throughout the city had their pay and benefits expended from different departments. The decision was made to expend those funds directly from the department they worked in, to make tracking departmental costs easier. In order to create a balanced budget, transfers were made into the general fund departments on the revenue side. The goal is be able to see how much a department costs the city, without having to pull several departments & piecing the information together.

Key projects planned for the 2021 budget year include: hiring an IT technician and implementing software upgrades throughout the city; municipal codification being available online, developing and releasing a new City of Waynesville website; transitioning the court system to the new Sho-Me Courts system required by the State of Missouri; entering into an Into-Plane contract to begin selling fuel to military planes; purchasing a new pick-up truck for the building department; construction of an RV park restroom and shower house; electrical infrastructure improvements; new pick-up and flatbed dump truck for the water/wastewater department; upgrading clarifiers and screw pumps at the wastewater treatment plant; and engaging TOTH Engineering to complete a rate study on all utilities. To comply with Missouri law, the city took a very realistic approach to this budget process and ending with a balanced budget for FY 2021 that was approved by the City Council in November of 2020.

Final Budget Revenue and Expense

				Proposed	
	FY	2020 Budget	2021 Budget		
Total Budget Revenues	\$	20,619,658	\$	20,225,350	
Total Budget Expenses		20,020,012	_	20,201,396	
Revenue Over Expenses	\$	599,645	\$	23,954	

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2020

Contacting the City's Financial Management

For additional information or questions, please contact any of the following officers at:

City of Waynesville 100 Tremont Center Waynesville, Missouri 65583 (573) 774-6171

John Doyle, City Administrator Michele Brown, City Clerk Amber Box, Finance Officer

Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2020

	P	rimary Governmer	nt	Component Unit Westgate Community
	Governmental	Business-Type		Improvement
	Activities	Activities	Total	District
Assets				
Current				
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 2,649,996	\$ 1,329,993	\$ 3,979,989	\$ 13,857
Sales tax receivable	237,016	-	237,016	3,531
Ad valorem taxes receivable, net	226,139	-	226,139	-
Utilities receivable, net	-	816,872	816,872	-
Other receivables	5,631	40,489	46,120	-
Accrued interest receivable	-	1,156	1,156	-
Intergovernmental receivable	239,743	-	239,743	-
Prepaid expenses	75,849	37,693	113,542	-
Inventory	-	363,409	363,409	-
Noncurrent				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	485,986	1,318,163	1,804,149	-
Investments - restricted	58,404	-	58,404	-
Note receivable	310,031	-	310,031	-
Capital assets				
Non-depreciable	5,019,188	563,713	5,582,901	-
Depreciable, net	20,947,529	11,794,103	32,741,632	332,437
Total Assets	30,255,512	16,265,591	46,521,103	349,825
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred refunding charges	7,151	40,522	47,673	-
Deferred pension outflow	399,278	184,890	584,168	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	406,429	225,412	631,841	-

Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2020

	P	Component Unit		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Westgate Community Improvement District
Liabilities				
Current				
Accounts payable	389,785	603,260	993,045	-
Accrued expenses	41,448	48,901	90,349	-
Customer deposits payable	-	695,551	695,551	-
Accrued interest payable	96,752	54,260	151,012	-
Current maturities of long-term debt	725,814	808,235	1,534,049	24,498
	1,253,799	2,210,207	3,464,006	24,498
Noncurrent				
Unearned revenue	184,000	-	184,000	-
Bonds payable	-	2,622,000	2,622,000	-
MAMU lease payable, net	-	457,000	457,000	-
Certificates of participation, net	9,474,004	3,569,811	13,043,815	-
Capital leases payable	247,387	66,105	313,492	-
MTFC direct loan	255,201	-	255,201	-
Bridge Ioan	1,519,997	480,003	2,000,000	-
Note payable	-	-	-	285,533
Compensated absences payable	137,335	63,826	201,161	-
Net pension liability	441,120	331,989	773,109	-
	12,259,044	7,590,734	19,849,778	285,533
Total Liabilities	13,512,843	9,800,941	23,313,784	310,031
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred pension inflows	167,127	125,709	292,836	
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	13,767,327	4,875,190	18,642,517	22,406
Restricted	528,528	142,606	671,134	-
Unrestricted	2,686,116	1,546,557	4,232,673	17,388
Total Net Position	\$ 16,981,971	\$ 6,564,353	\$ 23,546,324	\$ 39,794

Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2020

					Net (Expenses), Revenues, and Changes in Net Position					
			Program Revenue	S	Pi	Primary Government				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Westgate Community Improvement District		
Primary Government										
Governmental Activities										
City hall	\$ (995,911)	\$ 349,658	\$-	\$-	\$ (646,253)	\$-	\$ (646,253)			
Fire	(313,137)	-	-	-	(313,137)	-	(313,137)			
Public safety	(811,553)	89,922	18,359	-	(703,272)	-	(703,272)			
Municipal court	(144,792)	-	-	-	(144,792)	-	(144,792)			
Street	(573,872)	1,000	61,520	65,467	(445,885)	-	(445,885)			
Park and pool	(493 <i>,</i> 865)	81,406	86,042	-	(326,417)	-	(326,417)			
Cemetery	(968)	600	-	-	(368)	-	(368)			
Airport	(3,678,520)	587,437	2,956,698	481,970	347,585	-	347,585			
Animal shelter	(254,740)	139,146	40,449	-	(75,145)	-	(75,145)			
Building department	(142,622)	16,130	-	-	(126,492)	-	(126,492)			
Debt service	(398,825)	-	-	-	(398,825)	-	(398,825)			
Total Governmental	(7,808,805)	1,265,299	3,163,068	547,437	(2,833,001)	-	(2,833,001)			
Business-Type Activities										
Electric service	(6,008,522)	6,689,207	8,293	-	-	688,978	688,978			
Water and sewer service	(1,687,641)	2,503,781	25,031	-	-	841,171	841,171			
Trash service	(272,869)	313,964	-	-	-	41,095	41,095			
Natural gas service	(863,052)	1,139,050	-	-	-	275,998	275,998			
Total Business-Type	(8,832,084)	10,646,002	33,324	-	-	1,847,242	1,847,242			
Total Primary Government	\$ (16,640,889)	\$11,911,301	\$ 3,196,392	\$ 547,437	(2,833,001)	1,847,242	(985,759)			

Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2020

					Net (Expe	enses), Revenues,	and Changes in I	Net Pos	ition	
		Program Revenues			Pr	imary Governme	nt	Component Unit		
Expenses		Charges for Services	for Grants and		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Westgate Community Improvement District		
Component Unit Westgate Community Improvement District	\$ (35,670)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>				\$	(35,670)	
		General R	evenues							
		Sales tax	(es		1,556,054	-	1,556,054		56,727	
		Ad valor	em taxes		457,727	-	457,727		-	
		Motor v	ehicle and gas ta	xes	189,533	-	189,533		-	
		Franchis	e fees		76,002	-	76,002		-	
		Interest			18,797	21,539	40,336		-	
		Other re	venue		88,707	-	88,707		-	
		Transfers			1,675,010	(1,675,010)			-	
		Total Ge	eneral Revenues	and Transfers	4,061,830	(1,653,471)	2,408,359		56,727	
		Special Ite	em							
		Sale of la	and parcel and ea	asement	335,579		335,579			
		Changes ir	n Net Position		1,564,408	193,771	1,758,179		21,057	
		Net Positio	on, Beginning of	year	15,417,563	6,370,582	21,788,145		18,737	
		Net Position	on, End of year		\$ 16,981,971	\$ 6,564,353	\$ 23,546,324	\$	39,794	

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

December 31, 2020

			Special Revenue Funds									
		General Fund	F	Park and Pool Fund	Trai	nsportation Fund	Im	ommunity provement District Fund		Debt Service Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets												
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$	1,186,326	\$	833,019	\$	428,085	\$	202,566	\$	-	\$	2,649,996
Ad valorem taxes receivable, net		226,139		-		-		-		-		226,139
Sales tax receivable		135,536		58,852		42,628		-		-		237,016
Other receivable		5,631		-		-		-		-		5,631
Intergovernmental receivable		234,510		5,233		-		-		-		239,743
Prepaid expenses		74,172		1,677		-		-		-		75,849
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		15,862		31,927		-		-		438,197		485,986
Investments - restricted		-		-		-		-		58,404		58,404
Total Assets	\$	1,878,176	\$	930,708	\$	470,713	\$	202,566	\$	496,601	\$	3,978,764
Liabilities and Fund Balances												
Liabilities	\$	106.062	\$		\$	102 022	ć		ć		ć	200 705
Accounts payable	Ş	196,963	Ş	- 2 2 1 0	Ş	192,822	\$	-	\$	-	\$	389,785
Accrued expenses Total Liabilities		25,984		3,348		12,116		-				41,448
i otai Liadiiities		222,947		3,348		204,938		-		-		431,233

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

December 31, 2020

	General Fund	Park and Pool Fund	Transportation Fund	Community Improvement District Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid items	74,172	1,677	-	-	-	75,849
Restricted for						
Specific purchases from donations	-	31,927	-	-	-	31,927
Debt service	-	-	-	-	496,601	496,601
Building projects	15,862	-	-	-	-	15,862
Assigned to						
Parks and pool	-	893,756	-	-	-	893,756
Transportation	-	-	265,775	-	-	265,775
Community improvement	-	-	-	202,566	-	202,566
Unassigned	1,565,195			-		1,565,195
Total Fund Balances	1,655,229	927,360	265,775	202,566	496,601	3,547,531
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,878,176	\$ 930,708	\$ 470,713	\$ 202,566	\$ 496,601	\$ 3,978,764

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to The Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2020

Fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 3,547,531
Long term receivables are not deemed receivable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	310,031
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Governmental capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation	 32,993,648 (7,026,931) 25,966,717
The net pension liability and deferred costs are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Net pension liability Deferred pension outflows Deferred pension inflows	 (441,120) 399,278 (167,127) (208,969)
Unearned payments in lieu of taxes are not deemed deferrable in the current period but rather is recognized as a revenue when received	(184,000)
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as expenditures when due	(96,752)
Long-term liabilities net of refunding charges are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds	 (12,352,587)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 16,981,971

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2020

		SI	pecial Revenue Fun			
	General Fund	Park and Pool Fund	Transportation Fund	Community Improvement District Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 1,548,692	\$	\$ 277,869	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,270,116
Licenses and permits	28,335	-	-	-	-	28,335
Intergovernmental revenues	3,708,847	61,987	61,520	-	-	3,832,354
Fines and forfeitures	89,922	-	-	-	-	89,922
Charges for services	910,116	78,306	-	-	-	988,422
Miscellaneous	88,287	35,960	-	50,000	2,884	177,131
Total Revenues	6,374,199	619,808	339,389	50,000	2,884	7,386,280
Expenditures						
Current						
City hall	2,531,929	-	-	-	-	2,531,929
Fire	313,137	-	-	-	-	313,137
Public safety	885,976	-	-	-	-	885,976
Municipal court	134,205	-	-	-	-	134,205
Street	263,388	-	720,507	-	-	983,895
Park and pool	-	406,874	-	-	-	406,874
Airport	3,999,957	-	-	-	-	3,999,957
Animal shelter	236,159	-	-	-	-	236,159
Building department	125,920	-	-	-	-	125,920
Debt service						·
Principal, interest, and fees	299,795	-	191,415	-	701,690	1,192,900
Total Expenditures	8,790,466	406,874	911,922	-	701,690	10,810,952

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Si	pecial Revenue Fun			
	General Fund	Park and Pool Fund	Transportation Fund	Community Improvement District Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(2,416,267)	212,934	(572,533)	50,000	(698,806)	(3,424,672)
Other Financing Sources						
Sale of property	335,579	-	-	-	-	335,579
Lease purchase proceeds	1,519,997	-	134,900	-	-	1,654,897
Operating transfers in	657,569		316,824		700,617	1,675,010
Total Other Financing Sources	2,513,145		451,724		700,617	3,665,486
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other Sources						
Over Expenditures	96,878	212,934	(120,809)	50,000	1,811	240,814
Fund Balance, January 1	1,558,351	714,426	386,584	152,566	494,790	3,306,717
Fund Balance, December 31	\$ 1,655,229	\$ 927,360	\$ 265,775	\$ 202,566	\$ 496,601	\$ 3,547,531

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2020	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 240,814
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis and reported as depreciation expense. The following is the detail of the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation for the year.	
Capital outlay Depreciation	 3,088,440 (846,306) 2,242,134
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds. The repayment of the principal of long-term debt is a use of current financial resources of governmental funds. In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds whereas in the governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following is the detail of the net effect of these differences.	
Repayment of principal on long-term debt Lease proceeds Interest	 814,368 (1,654,897) (23,429) (863,958)
Some revenues and expenditures reported in the governmental funds represent the current financial resources and uses and were recognized in the Statement of Activities when incurred.	
Change in pension related costs Change in compensated absences Change in unearned revenues Change in notes receivable Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (52,505) 21,579 9,200 (32,856) 1,564,408

Statement of Net Position – Enterprise Funds

December 31, 2020

		Water and			Total	
	Electric	Electric Wastewater Trash Natura		Natural Gas	s Enterprise	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	
Assets						
Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 175,053	\$ 334,124	\$ 136,885	\$ 683,931	\$ 1,329,993	
Utilities receivable, net	481,731	205,310	27,918	101,913	816,872	
Other receivable	13,824	-	-	26,665	40,489	
Accrued interest receivable	412	744	-	-	1,156	
Inventory	277,762	56,326	-	29,321	363,409	
Prepaid assets	17,100	19,367	-	1,226	37,693	
Total Current Assets	965,882	615,871	164,803	843,056	2,589,612	
Noncurrent Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	1,175,554	142,609	-	-	1,318,163	
Capital assets						
Non-depreciable	270,899	292,814	-	-	563,713	
Depreciable, net	1,465,281	9,402,898	-	925,924	11,794,103	
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,911,734	9,838,321	-	925,924	13,675,979	
Total Assets	3,877,616	10,454,192	164,803	1,768,980	16,265,591	
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred refunding charges	12,872	22,883	-	4,767	40,522	
Deferred pension outflow	77,412	82,674	-	24,804	184,890	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	90,284	105,557	-	29,571	225,412	

Statement of Net Position – Enterprise Funds

December 31, 2020

		Water and			Total
	Electric	Wastewater	Trash	Natural Gas	Enterprise
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	472,976	-	45,582	84,702	603,260
Accrued expenses	22,348	23,482	-	3,071	48,901
Accrued interest payable	7,216	46,044	-	1,000	54,260
Customer deposits	695,551	-	-	-	695,551
Current portion of long-term debt	189,797	595,723	-	22,715	808,235
Total Current Liabilities	1,387,888	665,249	45,582	111,488	2,210,207
Long-Term Liabilities					
Revenue bonds payable	-	2,622,000	-	-	2,622,000
MAMU lease payable, net	146,240	306,190	-	4,570	457,000
Certificates of participation payable, net	891,673	2,539,638	-	138,500	3,569,811
Capital leases payable	50,260	15,845	-	-	66,105
Bridge loan payable	480,003	-	-	-	480,003
Compensated absences payable	42,060	14,516	-	7,250	63,826
Net pension liability	139,023	146,936	-	46,030	331,989
Total Long-Term Liabilities	1,749,259	5,645,125	-	196,350	7,590,734
Total Liabilities	3,137,147	6,310,374	45,582	307,838	9,800,941
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred pension inflows	52,183	56,119	-	17,407	125,709
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	52,183	56,119		17,407	125,709
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	471,082	3,639,202	-	764,906	4,875,190
Restricted	-	142,606	-	-	142,606
Unrestricted	307,488	411,448	119,221	708,400	1,546,557
Total Net Position	\$ 778,570	\$4,193,256	\$119,221	\$1,473,306	\$ 6,564,353

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Enterprise Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Enterpri	se Funds		
		Water and			Total
	Electric	Wastewater	Trash	Natural Gas	Enterprise
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
Operating Revenues					
Charges for services	\$6,640,297	\$2,138,549	\$ 313,964	\$ 971,573	\$ 10,064,383
Other charges	48,910	365,232	-	167,477	581,619
Total Operating Revenues	6,689,207	2,503,781	313,964	1,139,050	10,646,002
Operating Expenses					
Salaries and wages	453,116	413,928	-	101,172	968,216
Employee benefits	190,757	235,641	-	62,468	488,866
Materials and supplies	138,021	77,608	-	20,925	236,554
Electric current	4,806,165	-	-	-	4,806,165
Hauling and recycling charges	-	-	272,122	-	272,122
Repairs and maintenance	53,505	142,617	-	-	196,122
Gas purchases	-	-	-	571,430	571,430
Travel, meetings and dues	13,810	5,506	-	1,135	20,451
General administrative	-	97,623	-	15,659	113,282
Depreciation	130,339	439,954	-	81,165	651,458
Other operating expenses	173,564	95,460	747	3,746	273,517
Total Operating Expenses	5,959,277	1,508,337	272,869	857,700	8,598,183
Operating Income	729,930	995,444	41,095	281,350	2,047,819
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Intergovernmental revenue	8,293	25,031	-	-	33,324
Interest income	19,857	1,505	-	177	21,539
Interest expense	(49,245)	(179,304)		(5,352)	(233,901)
Total Nonoperating Revenues					
(Expenses)	(21,095)	(152,768)		(5,175)	(179,038)
Income Before Operating Transfers	708,835	842,676	41,095	276,175	1,868,781
Operating Transfers (Out)	(729,983)	(723,075)		(221,952)	(1,675,010)
Net Income (Loss)	(21,148)	119,601	41,095	54,223	193,771
Net Position, January 1	799,718	4,073,655	78,126	1,419,083	6,370,582
Net Position, December 31	\$ 778,570	\$4,193,256	\$ 119,221	\$1,473,306	\$ 6,564,353

Statement of Cash Flows – Enterprise Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Enterpris	e Funds		
		Water and			Total
	Electric	Wastewater	Trash	Natural Gas	Enterprise
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Cash received from customers	\$ 6,790,418	\$ 2,492,151	\$ 307,104	\$ 1,128,053	\$ 10,717,726
Cash paid to suppliers	(5,144,985)	(436,851)	(271,984)	(570,417)	(6,424,237)
Cash paid to employees	(612,624)	(608,651)		(149,633)	(1,370,908)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	1,032,809	1,446,649	35,120	408,003	2,922,581
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities					
Transfers (to) other funds	(729,983)	(723,075)	-	(221,952)	(1,675,010)
Net Cash (Used) by Noncapital Financing					
Activities	(729,983)	(723,075)	-	(221,952)	(1,675,010)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(62,122)	(171,147)	-	-	(233,269)
Payment of principal on bonds and capital					
leases	(173,461)	(570,007)	-	(21,375)	(764,843)
Lease proceeds	480,003	-	-	-	480,003
Grant proceeds	8,293	25,031	-	-	33,324
Payment of interest expense	(47,325)	(177,307)		(4,568)	(229,200)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and					
Related Financing Activities	205,388	(893,430)	-	(25,943)	(713,985)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Interest received	19,857	1,505		177	21,539
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	19,857	1,505		177	21,539
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash					
Equivalents	528,071	(168,351)	35,120	160,285	555,125
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year	822,536	645,084	101,765	523,646	2,093,031
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of year	1,350,607	476,733	136,885	683,931	2,648,156
Less Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,175,554	142,609			1,318,163
Unrestricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 175,053	\$ 334,124	\$ 136,885	\$ 683,931	\$ 1,329,993

Statement of Cash Flows – Enterprise Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Enterprise Funds								
			W	/ater and					Total
	Electric		ctric Wastewater		Trash		Natural Gas		Enterprise
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash									
Provided by Operating Activities									
Operating income	\$	729,930	\$	995,444	\$	41,095	\$	281,350	\$ 2,047,819
Adjustments to reconcile operating income									
to net cash provided by operating activities:									
Depreciation		130,339		439,954		-		81,165	651,458
(Increase) decrease in									
Utilities receivable, net		63,700		(9,032)		(6,860)		(8,644)	39,164
Other receivable		-		-		-		(2,353)	(2,353)
Prepaid expenses		(1,933)		(2,598)		-		-	(4,531)
Inventory		15,690		(18,037)		-		1,598	(749)
Deferred pension outflows		(1,872)		(1,949)		-		(719)	(4,540)
Increase (decrease) in									
Accounts payable		24,390		-		885		40,880	66,155
Accrued expenses		(5,252)		(3,871)		-		(3,243)	(12,366)
Customer deposits		39,444		-		-		-	39,444
Compensated absences payable		(2,680)		4,008		-		2,198	3,526
Net pension liability		38,801		40,385		-		14,906	94,092
Deferred pension inflows		2,252		2,345		-		865	5,462
Net Cash Provided by Operating									
Activities	\$	1,032,809	\$	1,446,649	\$	35,120	\$	408,003	\$ 2,922,581

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Waynesville, Missouri, (the City) was established in 1833, and operates under the provisions of the State of Missouri. The City operates under a Council – Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets, culture - recreation, public improvements, planning, and general administrative services. Other services include electric, natural gas and waterworks services.

The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the primary government is not accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financially accountable means the primary government is accountable for the component unit and the primary government is able to impose its will or the component unit may provide financial benefits or impose a financial burden on the primary government. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The City is a primary government, which is governed by an elected board. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the City has evaluated the above criteria to determine whether any other entity meets the definition of a component unit and must be included in these financial statements. The component unit discussed below is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationships with the City.

Component Unit

Westgate Community Improvement District

Approved in 2009, the Westgate Community Improvement District, which is governed by a Board of Directors, provides support for financing improvements in the Westgate District. The formation of the District allows for the authorization of an additional 1% sales tax to make public improvements that will benefit the District and the City as a whole. This 1% sales tax was approved by the voters within the District.

In conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the component unit have been included as a discretely presented component unit.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both the government-wide (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements display information about the government as a whole. Interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements to minimize the duplication of internal activities. Governmental activities, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for services for support.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities are consolidated and presented on the full accrual, economic resources basis of accounting. The consolidated presentation incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations, and it provides information to improve analysis and comparability.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or a function. Program revenues include charges for goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meet operating and capital expenses of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate fund financial statements report information on the City's governmental and enterprise funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Consequently, the emphasis on near-term inflows and outflows of resources do not present the long-term impact of transactions. Conversely, the proprietary fund statements incorporate the accrual basis of accounting and focus on the change in total economic resources. This presentation records long-term assets and liabilities, and recognizes revenues and expenses when transactions occur, regardless of their impact on the flow of cash. Since the accounting differs significantly between the governmental funds and the proprietary funds, it is necessary to convert the governmental fund data to arrive at the government-wide financial statements. Therefore, reconciliations have been provided following the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance identifying categories that required conversion from the fund statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Park and Pool Fund: The Park and Pool Fund of the City is used to account for resources restricted, committed or assigned for city parks and recreation.

Transportation Fund: The Transportation Fund of the City is used to account for resources restricted, committed or assigned for expenditures for the City's Transportation Sales Tax.

Community Improvement District (CID) Fund: The CID Fund of the City is used to account for resources transferred to begin and continue projects within the Westgate CID and restricted for community improvement district related projects. A one-cent sales tax has been approved for businesses operating within the CID.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

Debt Service Fund: The Debt Service Fund of the City is used to account for the 2017 Certificates of Participation funds restricted, committed or assigned for the retirement of principal and interest on the debt issue.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Electric Fund: The Electric Fund of the City is used to account for the activities and capital improvements of the City's electric operations.

Water and Wastewater Fund: The Water and Wastewater Fund of the City is used to account for the activities and capital improvements of the City's water and sewer operations.

Natural Gas Fund: The Natural Gas Fund of the City is used to account for the activities and capital improvements of the City's gas operations.

Trash Fund: The Trash Fund of the City is used to account for the activities and capital improvements of the City's solid waste operations.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, storm sewers, and similar items) and are included in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, excluding land, are defined by the City as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or greater and an estimated useful life of at least one year. All land purchases are capitalized regardless of cost. All purchased fixed assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

In conformity with GASB 34, infrastructure, such as streets and storm sewers, has been capitalized. Additionally, the City elected to depreciate its infrastructure assets. Depreciation is provided in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of the depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives on the straight-line basis. The service lives by type of asset are as follows:

Buildings	25-50 years
Electric distribution system	30-50 years
Sewer lines and treatment plant	30-50 years
Waterworks system	30-50 years
Gas distribution system	30-50 years
Equipment	5-10 years
Improvements	10-20 years
Other infrastructure	10-50 years

Expenses for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense; renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled cash account is available to meet current operating requirements. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Fair Value

The fair value measurement and disclosure framework provides for a fair value hierarchy that gives highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. There have been no significant changes from the prior year in the methodologies used to measure fair value. The levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1: Inputs using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: Inputs using significant other observable inputs including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities

Level 3: Inputs are significant unobservable inputs

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method. Inventory usage is recognized on the consumption method.

Unearned Revenue

This is future revenue consisting of payments in lieu of taxes that will be recognized over a 25 year period as a result of an October 2015 contract with MCP-Waynesville, LLC that brought a solar farm to the City. As of December 31, 2020, the unearned revenue was \$184,000 and will be recognized at a rate of \$9,200 per year.

Compensated Absences

Employees earn vacation time based on the number of years of service to the City. Outstanding vacation leave is payable upon termination of employment. Compensated absences are recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Position.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition – Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on November 1 and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied November 1 become delinquent after December 31 of that year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

Due to and Due from Other Funds

During the course of its operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services, construct assets, and service debt. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of December 31, 2020, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded within the fund financial statements. There were no transactions that were considered due to or due from other funds at December 31, 2020.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Currently, the City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category, deferred amounts relating to employer contributions to the retirement plan and deferred charges relating to debt refunding.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Program Revenues

In the Statement of Activities, revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. These include 1) charges for city court fines, licenses and permits, planning and zoning services, parks and recreation services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenues, even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services producing and delivering goods and services. All other revenue expenses are considered nonoperating.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS) and additions to/deductions from LAGERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LAGERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

Fund Balance Classification

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on constraints imposed on the use of these resources as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance: This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance: This consists of fund balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action by the City Council.

Assigned fund balance: This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in the governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance: This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

In circumstances when a disbursement is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is displayed in three components as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets: This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted: This consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted: This consists of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City first applies restricted net position.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

2. Cash & Cash Equivalents

State statutes require that the City's deposits be insured or collateralized in the name of the City by the trust department of a bank that does not hold the collateralized deposits. As of December 31, 2020, all bank balances on deposit are entirely insured or collateralized.

3. Investments

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investments of the City as of December 31, 2020, are as follows:

		Not Subject	Fair Value	Fair Value	
Investment Type	Maturity	to Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Total
FNMA	2/26/2021	\$-	\$-	\$ 58,404	\$ 58,404

U.S. Agencies

City funds in FNMA are for future debt service. The investments are held in an irrevocable trust account with BOK Financial. The funds are invested in accordance with Section 165.051 of the Missouri Revised Statutes. The investments will be held to maturity.

Interest Rate Risk

The City has no formal policy on interest rate risk.

4. Restricted Assets

General Fund

The total restricted cash and cash equivalents and restricted fund balance for the General Fund are as follows:

	Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	Restricted Fund Balance		
Series 2014 COP projects	\$ 1	\$	1	
Series 2017 COP projects	15,861	1!	5,861	
	\$ 15,862	\$ 1	5,862	

Park and Pool Fund

Restricted cash and cash equivalents and restricted fund balance/net position include funds donated for the park acquisition and various park projects that totaled \$31,927 at December 31, 2020.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

Debt Service Fund

The total restricted cash and investments and restricted net position/fund balance for the Debt Service Fund are as follows:

	Restricted	Restricted
	Cash and	Net Position/
	Investments	Fund Balance
2017C COP debt service reserve	\$ 496,601	\$ 496,601

Enterprise Funds

Cash and cash equivalents and net position have been restricted in the following Enterprise Funds as follows:

	Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents			Restricted Net Position		
Electric Fund						
Customer meter deposits	\$	695,551	\$	-		
Bridge loan funds		480,003		-		
		1,175,554		-		
Water and Wastewater Fund						
Series 2011 principal account		119,003		119,003		
Series 2011 interest account		23,603		23,603		
Series 2017 COP projects		3		-		
		142,609		142,606		
	\$	1,318,163	\$	142,606		

December 31, 2020

5. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are presented net of an allowance for doubtful accounts as follows:

	-	Accounts eceivable	A	llowance	-	Net Accounts eceivable
Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable						
General Fund	\$	243,161	\$	(17,022)	\$	226,139
Utilities Receivable						
Enterprise Funds						
Electric Fund	\$	499,198	\$	(17,467)	\$	481,731
Water and Wastewater Fund		211,652		(6,342)		205,310
Trash Fund		29,082		(1,164)		27,918
Natural Gas Fund		106,159		(4,246)		101,913
	\$	846,091	\$	(29,219)	\$	816,872

6. Long-Term Liabilities – Business-Type Activities

The business-type activities long-term liabilities at December 31, 2020, consists of one revenue bond issue; Series 2011 Combined Waterworks and Sewerage Revenue Bonds. The business-type activities long-term liabilities also consists of the Series 2005A Missouri Association of Municipal Utilities (MAMU) lease purchases, Series 2014, 2016, and 2017 Certificates of Participation (COP), a bridge loan, five lease purchase agreements on equipment, and compensated absences payable.

Revenue Bonds

The Combined Waterworks and Sewerage System Revenue Bonds, State of Missouri – Direct Loan Program, Series 2011, were approved for issuance in the principal amount not to exceed \$4,750,000 in direct borrowing for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, extending and improving the City's combined waterworks and sewerage system. The 2011 bonds bear interest at 1.65% with principal payments due January 1 and interest payments due January 1 and July 1 of each year. The bonds also require a semi-annual administrative fee of 5% of the outstanding principal balance of the bonds as of the business day preceding each interest payment date. The bonds may be called for redemption prior to stated maturity at the option of the City with prior written consent at the redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption, under provisions outlined in the bond ordinance. In the event of default, DNR would pursue any available remedies at law or equity by suit, action, mandamus or other proceeding to enforce and compel the payment of principal and interest on the bonds and all other amounts due under the Ordinance and other loan documents, and/or the performance of the duties and obligations of the City under the loan documents which may include, but is not limited to, the payment of damages, penalties, interest fees and expenses. The City had issued \$4,557,602 of the available bonds at December 31, 2020, and \$192,398 remained unissued.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

The bonds outstanding at December 31, 2020, are due as follows:

	Direct Placement							
					Adr	ninistrative		
Year Ending December 31,		Principal		Interest		Fee		Total
2021	\$	239,000	\$	46,159	\$	27,975	\$	313,134
2022		246,000		42,190		25,570		313,760
2023		252,000		38,107		23,095		313,202
2024		259,000		33,916		20,555		313,471
2025		266,000		29,617		17,950		313,567
2026		273,000		25,195		15,270		313,465
2027		280,000		20,666		12,525		313,191
2028		288,000		16,013		9,705		313,718
2029		296,000		11,228		6,805		314,033
2030		304,000		6,311		3,825		314,136
2031	_	158,000		1,270	_	770		160,040
	\$	2,861,000	\$	270,672	\$	164,045	\$	3,295,717

Certificates of Participation

On April 1, 2016, the City issued Series 2016 Certificates of Participation (COP) for the purpose of refunding the Series 2007 COP. The lease Certificates of Participation were issued in the principal amount of \$2,015,000. In the event of default on the agreement, the trustee may cause all amounts payable, with respect to the Certificates for the remainder of the current term of the lease to become due and payable, or may take whatever action at law or in equity that may appear necessary or appropriate to collect the amount then due and thereafter to become due, or to enforce performance and observance of any obligations, agreements or covenants of the City under the lease. The 2016 certificates bear interest at 2.00% to 3.00% with principal payments due April 1 and interest payments due April 1 and October 1 of each year. The certificates outstanding at December 31, 2020, are due as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Interest		_	Total
2021	\$	190,000	\$	24,891	\$	214,891
2022		195,000		20,091		215,091
2023		195,000		16,191		211,191
2024		205,000		12,063		217,063
2025		210,000		7,523		217,523
2026		215,000	_	2,580		217,580
	\$	1,210,000	\$	83,339	\$	1,293,339

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

Amount recorded in	
Electric Fund	\$
Water and Wastewater Fund	
Natural Gas Fund	
Governmental Activities	
Total	\$

On April 21, 2014, the City issued 2014 Certificates of Participation (COP) for the purpose of refunding the Series 2003 Certificates of Participation and to pay the costs of public facilities projects. The lease certificates were issued in the principal amount of \$2,140,000. In the event of default on the agreement, the trustee may cause all amounts payable, with respect to the Certificates for the remainder of the current term of the lease to become due and payable, or may take whatever action at law or in equity that may appear necessary or appropriate to collect the amount then due and thereafter to become due, or to enforce performance and observance of any obligations, agreements or covenants of the City under the lease. The certificates bear interest at a rate of 2.00% to 4.00% and require principal payments on April 1 and October 1. The certificates maturing on or after April 1, 2024, may be called for redemption on or after April 1, 2022, under provisions outlined in the certificate ordinance. The certificates outstanding at December 31, 2020, are due as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	 Principal		Interest		Total
2021	\$ 100,000	\$	33,588	\$	133,588
2022	100,000		30,338		130,338
2023	100,000		26,963		126,963
2024	100,000		23,463		123,463
2025	110,000		19,925		129,925
2026	115,000		16,269		131,269
2027	115,000		12,100		127,100
2028	120,000		7,400		127,400
2029	 125,000		2,500		127,500
	\$ 985,000	\$	172,546	\$	1,157,546
Amount recorded in					
Electric Fund				\$	140,855
Water and Wastewater Fund					643,205

200,940

985,000

\$

Governmental Activities

Total

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

On July 27, 2017, the City issued Series 2017A and B Certificates of Participation (COP) for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, installing, equipping, and furnishing certain capital improvements. The lease COP were issued in the principal amount of \$3,575,000. In the event of default on the agreement, the trustee may cause all amounts payable, with respect to the Certificates for the remainder of the current term of the lease to become due and payable, or may take whatever action at law or in equity that may appear necessary or appropriate to collect the amount then due and thereafter to become due, or to enforce performance and observance of any obligations, agreements or covenants of the City under the lease. The 2017 A and B certificates bear interest of 1.77% to 3.50% with principal payments due April 1 and interest payments due April 1 and October 1 of each year. The certificates outstanding at December 31, 2020 are due as follows:

Year Ending					
December 31,	 Principal Interest		nterest	 Total	
2021	\$ 195,000	\$	91,804	\$ 286,804	
2022	205,000		85,889	290,889	
2023	140,000		80,725	220,725	
2024	145,000		76,450	221,450	
2025	150,000		72,025	222,025	
2026	155,000		67,450	222,450	
2027	160,000		62,725	222,725	
2028	165,000		57,850	222,850	
2029	165,000		52,900	217,900	
2030	170,000		47,875	217,875	
2031	180,000		42,625	222,625	
2032	185,000		37,035	222,035	
2033	190,000		31,175	221,175	
2034	195,000		24,916	219,916	
2035	200,000		18,250	218,250	
2036	210,000		11,200	221,200	
2037	 215,000		3,762	 218,762	
	\$ 3,025,000	\$	864,656	\$ 3,889,656	
Amount recorded in					
Electric Fund				\$ 519,758	
Water and Wastewater Fund				1,556,996	
Natural Gas Fund				39,015	
Governmental Activities				 909,231	
Total				\$ 3,025,000	

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

Missouri Association of Municipal Utilities Leases

The 2005 Missouri Association of Municipal Utilities Lease was a direct borrowing lease issued in the principal amount of \$1,886,000 to fund a capital improvements project. The lease has been recorded in the Electric, Water and Wastewater, and Gas Funds in the amounts of \$603,500 (32%), \$1,263,600 (67%) and \$18,900 (1%), respectively. In the event of default, the Lessor has the right to declare all remaining lease payments immediately due and payable, retake possession of the leased equipment, and/or sell or lease the equipment with the Lessee remaining liable for the outstanding balance on the lease. The lease bears interest at 3.00% with principal and interest payments due each month. The outstanding payments at December 31, 2020, are due as follows:

	Direct Borrowing						
Year Ending December 31,	P	rincipal	Ir	nterest	Total		
2021	\$	120,000	\$	19,295	\$	139,295	
2022		120,000		14,864		134,864	
2023		132,000		10,220		142,220	
2024		132,000		5,344		137,344	
2025		73,000		801		73,801	
	\$	577,000	\$	50,524	\$	627,524	
Amount recorded in							
Electric Fund					\$	184,640	
Water and Wastewater Fund						386,590	
Natural Gas Fund						5,770	
Total					\$	577,000	

Bridge Loan

On June 25, 2020, the City entered into a direct borrowing lease agreement with Investing in Community LLC, a division of Citizens Bank of Newburg, in the principal amount of \$2,000,000 to finance the purchase of commercial property in the Westgate. The City originally intended to use the Electric Fund portion to begin building a new substation, but has decided not to move forward with those plans as of the end of 2020. The City recorded \$1,519,997 of the lease in the General Fund and \$480,003 in the Electric Fund. In the event of default, the Lessor has the right to use any and all remedies under state or federal law, including the power to sell the property and declare all outstanding payments immediately due and payable. The lease bears interest at 3.46% with an interest only payment due in 2021 and the full amount of principal and accrued interest due in June 2022. The outstanding payments at December 31, 2020, are due as follows:

Year Ending	Direct Borrowing					
December 31,		Interest		Total		
2021	\$	-	\$	69,120	\$	69,120
2022	2,000,000			69,120		2,069,120
	\$	2,000,000	\$	138,240	\$	2,138,240

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

Amount recorded in

General Fund	• \$	1,519,997
Electric Fund		480,003
Total	\$	2,000,000

Lease Purchase Agreements

On October 6, 2016, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement with Security Bank of Pulaski County to finance the purchase of a track loader for \$45,203. The lease requires an annual payment of \$9,040, which includes interest at 4.22%.

On October 30, 2017, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement with Security Bank of Pulaski County to finance the purchase of a 2006 CAT backhoe for \$50,000. The lease requires an annual payment of \$11,502, which includes interest at 4.85%.

On November 6, 2017, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement with Security Bank of Pulaski County to finance the purchase of a 2002 Peterbilt dump truck for \$44,500 to be paid 50% from the Water and Wastewater fund and 50% from the Street Fund. The lease requires annual payments of \$10,237, which includes interest at 4.85%.

On November 7, 2017, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement with Security Bank of Pulaski County to finance the purchase of a 2018 John Deere backhoe for \$88,090. The lease requires annual payments of \$20,264, which includes interest at 4.85%.

On November 7, 2017, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement with Security Bank of Pulaski County to finance the purchase of a wire puller truck for \$141,085. The lease requires annual payments of \$32,454, which includes interest at 4.85%.

The leases above are direct borrowing debt issuances. If the City defaults on the principal or interest on the leases as they become due, the Lessor may declare all of the indebtedness to be immediately due and payable or take possession of the equipment purchased with the proceeds.

Although the lease agreements provide for cancellation of the leases at the City's option at renewal dates, the City does not foresee exercising its option to cancel. Therefore, the leases are accounted for as noncancelable leases in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) – Section L20 – *Leases*.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

The total annual minimum lease payments required at December 31, 2020, are as follows:

	Direct Borrowing											
		1995		2006		2002		2018				
		Track		CAT	Pe	eterbilt	Jo	hn Deere	W	irepuller		
	L	oader	I	Backhoe	Dur	np Truck	В	ackhoe		Truck		
Year Ending	I	Lease		Lease		Lease		Lease		Lease		
December 31,	Ρι	ırchase	F	Purchase	Ρι	urchase	Ρ	urchase	Ρ	urchase		Total
2021	\$	9,040	\$	11,502	\$	5,118	\$	20,264	\$	32,454	\$	78,378
2022		-		11,502		5,118		20,264		32,454		69,338
Total Minimum Lease Payments		9,040		23,004		10,236		40,528		64,908		147,716
Less Amount Representing Interest		(366)		(1,576)		(701)		(2,776)		(4,445)		(9,864)
Net Lease Payable	\$	8,674	\$	21,428	\$	9,535	\$	37,752	\$	60,463	\$	137,852
Amount recorded in												
Water and Wastewater Fund	\$	4,337										
Electric Fund		4,337										
	\$	8,674										

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

A summary of the changes in Long-Term Liabilities – Business-Type Activities for the year ended December 31, 2020, is as follows:

	Balance December 31, 2019	Additions	Retirements	Balance December 31, 2020	Amount Due Within One Year
Water and Wastewater Fund					
Direct Placement					
2011 Revenue Bonds	\$ 3,094,000	\$-	\$ 233,000	\$ 2,861,000	\$ 239,000
Certificates of Participation					
Series 2014	705,240	-	62,035	643,205	65,300
Series 2016	669,600	-	88,800	580,800	91,200
Series 2017A/B	1,626,572	-	69,576	1,556,996	100,368
Add:					
Premium on Series 2014 issuance	17,228	-	1,723	15,505	-
	3,018,640	-	222,134	2,796,506	256,868
Direct Borrowings					
2005A MAMU Lease	461,630	-	75,040	386,590	80,400
2015 Sewer Cleaner	21,252	-	21,252	-	-
1995 Track Loader	8,499	-	4,162	4,337	4,337
2006 CAT Backhoe	31,406	-	9,978	21,428	10,462
2002 Peterbilt Dump Truck	13,976	-	4,441	9,535	4,656
Compensated Absences	10,508	4,008	-	14,516	-
	6,659,911	4,008	570,007	6,093,912	595,723
Electric Fund					
Certificates of Participation					
Series 2014	154,440	-	13,585	140,855	14,300
Series 2016	376,650	-	49,950	326,700	51,300
Series 2017A/B	543,600	-	23,842	519,758	33,505
Add:	0.0,000		_0,0	010)/00	00,000
Premium on Series 2014 issuance	3,811	-	346	3,465	-
	1,078,501		87,723	990,778	99,105
Direct Borrowings					·
2005A MAMU Lease	220,480	-	35,840	184,640	38,400
1995 Track Loader	8,499	-	4,162	4,337	4,337
2018 John Deere Backhoe	55,332	-	17,580	37,752	18,433
Wirepuller Truck	88,619	-	28,156	60,463	29,522
Bridge Loan	-	480,003	-	480,003	-
Compensated Absences	44,740	-	2,680	42,060	-
	1,496,171	480,003	176,141	1,800,033	189,797

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

	Balance December 31, 2019	Additions	Retirements	Balance December 31, 2020	Amount Due Within One Year
Natural Gas Fund					
Certificates of Participation					
Series 2016	139,500	-	18,500	121,000	19,000
Series 2017A/B	40,770		1,755	39,015	2,515
	180,270	-	20,255	160,015	21,515
Direct Borrowing					
2005 MAMU Lease	6,890	-	1,120	5,770	1,200
Compensated Absences	5,052	2,198		7,250	
	192,212	2,198	21,375	173,035	22,715
	\$ 8,348,294	\$ 486,209	\$ 767,523	\$ 8,066,980	\$ 808,235

7. Long-Term Liabilities – Governmental Activities

Long-term liabilities for governmental activities at December 31, 2020, consists of the 2011B, 2014, 2016, and 2017 A, B, and C Certificates of Participation (COP), seven lease purchase agreements for equipment, a MTFC direct loan, a bridge loan, and compensated absences payable.

Certificates of Participation

On April 1, 2016, the City issued Series 2016 Certificates of Participation (COP) for the purpose of refunding the Series 2007 COP, which refunded the Series 1999A and 1999B Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, 2000A, 2000B and 2004A Tax Increment Allocation Bonds and to pay the costs of public facilities projects. The lease Certificates of Participation were issued in the principal amount of \$2,015,000. In the event of default on the agreement, the trustee may cause all amounts payable, with respect to the Certificates for the remainder of the current term of the lease to become due and payable, or may take whatever action at law or in equity that may appear necessary or appropriate to collect the amount then due and thereafter to become due, or to enforce performance and observance of any obligations, agreements or covenants of the City under the lease. The 2016 certificates bear interest at 2.00% to 3.00% with principal payments due April 1 and interest payments due April 1 and October 1 of each year. The payment schedule for this debt issuance has been presented as a component of Note 7.

On October 31, 2011, the City issued Series 2011B Certificates of Participation (COP) for the purpose of refunding the two capital leases for land purchases in the amounts of \$715,729 and \$574,009. The lease COP were issued in the principal amount of \$1,270,000. In the event of default on the agreement, the trustee may cause all amounts payable, with respect to the Certificates for the remainder of the current term of the lease to become due and payable, or may take whatever action at law or in equity that may appear necessary or appropriate to collect the amount then due and thereafter to become due, or to enforce performance and observance of any obligations, agreements or covenants of the City under the lease. The 2011 certificates bear interest at 2.00% to 4.75% with principal payments due March 1 and interest payments due March 1 and September 1 of each year. The Series 2011B COP outstanding at December 31, 2020, are due as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

Year Ending December 31,	Pri	incipal	Ir	nterest	Total
2021	\$	65,000	\$	1,544	\$ 66,544

On April 21, 2014, the City issued 2014 Certificates of Participation (COP) for the purpose of refunding the Series 2003 Certificates of Participation and to pay the costs of public facilities projects. The lease certificates were issued in the principal amount of \$2,140,000. In the event of default on the agreement, the trustee may cause all amounts payable, with respect to the Certificates for the remainder of the current term of the lease to become due and payable, or may take whatever action at law or in equity that may appear necessary or appropriate to collect the amount then due and thereafter to become due, or to enforce performance and observance of any obligations, agreements or covenants of the City under the lease.. The certificates bear interest at a rate of 2.00% to 4.00% and require principal payments on April 1 and October 1. The certificates maturing on or after April 1, 2024, may be called for redemption on or after April 1, 2022, under provisions outlined in the certificate ordinance. The payment schedule for this issuance has been presented as a component of Note 6.

On July 27, 2017, the City issued Series 2017A and B Certificates of Participation (COP) for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, installing, equipping, and furnishing certain capital improvements. The lease COP were issued in the principal amount of \$3,575,000. In the event of default on the agreement, the trustee may cause all amounts payable, with respect to the Certificates for the remainder of the current term of the lease to become due and payable, or may take whatever action at law or in equity that may appear necessary or appropriate to collect the amount then due and thereafter to become due, or to enforce performance and observance of any obligations, agreements or covenants of the City under the lease. The 2017A and B certificates bear interest of 1.77% to 3.50% with principle payments due April 1 and interest payments due April 1 and October 1 of each year. The payment schedule for this issuance has been presented as a component of Note 6.

December 28, 2017, the City issued Series 2017 C Certificates of Participation (COP) for the purpose of refunding the Series 2011A COP. The lease Certificates of Participation were issued in the principal amount of \$9,455,000. In the event of default on the agreement, the trustee may cause all amounts payable, with respect to the Certificates for the remainder of the current term of the lease to become due and payable, or may take whatever action at law or in equity that may appear necessary or appropriate to collect the amount then due and thereafter to become due, or to enforce performance and observance of any obligations, agreements or covenants of the City under the lease. The 2017C certificates bear interest a 2.00% to 3.5% with principal payments due April 15 and interest payments due April 15 and October 15 of each year. Ozarks Technical Community College will pay rental payments equivalent to approximately 58% of principal and interest payments on the Series 2017C COP for the OTC Waynesville Center.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

The Series 2017C COP outstanding at December 31, 2020 are due as follows:

Year Ending						
December 31,	Pri	Principal		Interest	_	Total
2021	\$	370,000	\$ 267,106		\$	637,106
2022		445,000		254,881		699,881
2023		460,000		241,306		701,306
2024		475,000		227,281		702,281
2025		490,000		212,806		702,806
2026		500,000		197,956		697,956
2027		515,000		183,375		698,375
2028		530,000		168,343		698,343
2029		550,000		152,143		702,143
2030		560,000		135,493		695,493
2031		575,000		117,750		692,750
2032		600,000		98,656		698,656
2033		615,000		78,528		693,528
2034		640,000		57,350		697,350
2035		655,000		35,088		690,088
2036		675,000		11,812		686,812
	\$	8,655,000	\$	2,439,874	\$	11,094,874

Bridge Loan

On June 25, 2020, the City entered into a direct borrowing lease agreement with Investing in Community LLC, a division of Citizens Bank of Newburg, in the principal amount of \$2,000,000 to finance the purchase of commercial property in the Westgate. The City originally intended to use the Electric Fund portion to begin building a new substation, but has decided not to move forward with those plans as of the end of 2020. The City recorded \$1,519,997 of the lease in the General Fund and \$480,003 in the Electric Fund. In the event of default, the Lessor has the right to use any and all remedies under state or federal law, including the power to sell the property and declare all outstanding payments immediately due and payable. The lease bears interest at 3.46% with an interest only payment due in 2021 and the full amount of principal and accrued interest due in June 2022. The payment schedule for this issuance has been presented as a component of Note 6.

Lease Purchase Agreements

On December 7, 2015, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement with TCF Equipment Finance to finance the purchase of a street sweeper for \$180,000. The lease requires an annual payment of \$29,026, which includes interest at 3.08%.

On March 31, 2017 the City entered into a lease purchase agreement with Security Bank of Pulaski County to finance the purchase of a 2016 John Deere tractor and loader for \$63,900. The lease requires an annual payment of \$14,760, which includes interest at 5.00%.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

On December 5, 2017, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement with Security Bank of Pulaski County to finance the purchase of a Western snow plow for \$42,800. The lease requires an annual payment of \$9,845, which includes interest at 4.85%.

On November 6, 2017, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement with Security Bank of Pulaski County to finance the purchase of a 2002 Peterbilt dump truck for \$44,500 to be paid 50% from the Water and Wastewater Fund and 50% from the Street Fund. The lease requires annual payments of \$10,237, which includes interest at 4.85%.

On November 7, 2017, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement with Security Bank of Pulaski County to finance the purchase of a 2018 Dodge Ram 5500 for \$55,563. The lease requires annual payments of \$11,861, which includes interest at 4.85%.

On October 10, 2019, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement with Security Bank of Pulaski County to finance the purchase of a 2018 Garsite Jet Aircraft Refueler for \$180,169. The lease requires annual payments of \$31,705, which includes interest at 5.50%.

On August 20, 2020, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement with Security Bank of Pulaski County to finance the purchase of a 2020 Peterbilt dump truck for \$134,900. The lease requires an initial payment of \$61,520 in November 2020 using funds received from a grant and annual payments of \$16,161 starting in 2021, which includes interest at 2.80%.

The leases above are direct borrowing debt issuances. If the City defaults on the principal or interest on the leases as they become due, the Lessor may declare all of the indebtedness to be immediately due and payable or take possession of the equipment purchased with the proceeds.

Although the lease agreements provide for cancellation of the leases at the City's option at the renewal dates, the City does not foresee exercising its option to cancel. Therefore, the leases are accounted for as noncancelable leases in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) – Section L20 – *Leases*.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

The total annual minimum lease payments required at December 31, 2020, are as follows:

-		2016		2017	2018			
	2015	John Deere	2017	Peterbilt	Dodge	2018	2020	
	Street	Tractor/	Western	Dump	Ram	Garsite	Peterbilt	
	Sweeper	Loader	Snow Plow	Truck	5500	Refueler	Dump Truck	
Year Ending	Lease	Lease	Lease	Lease	Lease	Lease	Lease	
December 31,	Purchase	Purchase	Purchase	Purchase	Purchase	Purchase	Purchase	Total
2021	\$ 29,026	\$ 14,760	\$ 9,845	\$ 5,118	\$ 11,861	\$ 31,705	\$ 16,161	\$ 118,476
2022	29,026	-	9,845	5,116	11,861	31,705	16,161	103,714
2023	-	-	-	-	-	31,705	16,161	47,866
2024	-	-	-	-	-	31,705	16,161	47,866
2025	-	-	-	-	-	31,705	14,947	46,652
2026						31,705		31,705
Total Minimum Lease								
Payments	58,052	14,760	19,690	10,234	23,722	190,230	79,591	396,279
Less Amount								
Representing Interest	(2,611)	(2,107)	(1,348)	(699)	(1,608)	(31,857)	(6,211)	(46,441)
Net Lease Payable	\$ 55,441	\$ 12,653	\$ 18,342	\$ 9,535	\$ 22,114	\$ 158,373	\$ 73,380	\$ 349,838

Missouri Transportation Finance Corporation Direct Loan

On October 17, 2013, the City entered into a direct borrowing loan agreement with the Missouri Transportation Finance Corporation (MTFC) in the total amount of \$1,020,420 at an interest rate of 2.28% to provide funding for the City's share of a cost share agreement with Missouri Highways and Transportation Commission to widen Historic Route 66. In the event of default, the MTFC may declare all remaining principal and interest amounts immediately due and payable, by mandamus or other suit, action or proceeding at law or in equity, to enforce its rights against the City to require and compel duties and obligations required by the provisions of this agreement, or take any other action at law or in equity to enforce this agreement.

The MTFC loan outstanding at December 31, 2020, is due as follows:

Year Ending	Direct Borrowing								
December 31,	Principal			Interest		Total			
2021	\$	80,851	\$	7,629	\$	88,480			
2022		82,694		5,786		88,480			
2023		84,940		3,901		88,841			
2024		87,567		913		88,480			
	\$	336,052	\$	18,229	\$	354,281			

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

A summary of the changes in the Long-Term Liabilities – Governmental Activities for the year ended December 31, 2020, is as follows:

	Balance December 31, 2019	Additions	Retirements	Balance December 31, 2020	Amounts Due Within One Year
Certificates of Participation					
Series 2011B	\$ 235,000	\$-	\$ 170,000	\$ 65,000	\$ 65,000
Series 2016	209,250	-	27,750	181,500	28,500
Series 2017A/B	1,009,058	-	99,827	909,231	58,612
Series 2017C	8,905,000	-	250,000	8,655,000	370,000
Series 2014	220,320	-	19,380	200,940	20,400
Add:					
Premium on Series 2014 issuance	5,383	-	538	4,845	
	10,584,011	-	567,495	10,016,516	542,512
Direct Borrowings					
Capital Lease Obligations					
Ford F-450 Refueler	23,792	-	23,792	-	-
Street Sweeper	81,908	-	26,467	55,441	27,294
John Deere Tractor and Loader	25,403	-	12,750	12,653	13,260
Western Snow Plow	26,884	-	8,542	18,342	8,956
Peterbilt Dump Truck	13,976	-	4,441	9,535	4,656
Dodge Ram 5500	32,388	-	10,274	22,114	10,790
Garsite Refueler	180,169	-	21,796	158,373	22,994
2020 Peterbilt Dump Truck	-	134,900	61,520	73,380	14,501
MTFC Direct Loan	414,705	-	78,653	336,052	80,851
Bridge Loan	-	1,519,997	-	1,519,997	-
Compensated Absences	158,914		21,579	137,335	
	\$ 11,542,150	\$ 1,654,897	\$ 837,309	\$ 12,359,738	\$ 725,814

December 31, 2020

8. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance December 31, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 2020
Governmental Activities				
Non-depreciable capital assets				
Land	\$ 3,248,379	\$ 1,770,809	\$-	\$ 5,019,188
Construction in progress	4,788,974		4,788,974	
	8,037,353	\$ 1,770,809	\$ 4,788,974	5,019,188
Depreciable capital assets				
Building and improvements	11,599,572	\$ 69,501	\$-	11,669,073
Machinery and equipment	2,030,322	44,251	-	2,074,573
Land improvements	2,426,572	-	-	2,426,572
Vehicles	805,778	204,689	42,000	968,467
Infrastructure	5,047,611	5,788,164	-	10,835,775
Total depreciable capital assets	21,909,855	\$ 6,106,605	\$ 42,000	27,974,460
Less accumulated depreciation	6,222,625	\$ 846,306	\$ 42,000	7,026,931
Total depreciable capital assets, net	15,687,230		<u> </u>	20,947,529
Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 23,724,583			\$ 25,966,717

Depreciation expense for governmental activities was charged to functions as follows:

Administrative	\$ 230,117
Public safety	28,121
Park and pool	158,507
Street	207,177
Airport	217,595
Animal Shelter	3,821
Cemetery	 968
	\$ 846,306

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

	Balance December 31, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 2020
Business-Type Activities				
Electric Fund				
Non-depreciable capital assets:	ć 270.000	ć	ć	ć 270.000
Land	\$ 270,899	<u>\$ -</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 270,899
Depreciable capital assets:				
Electric distribution system	2,512,282	\$ 11,875	\$-	2,524,157
Vehicles	565,355	-	÷ -	565,355
Equipment	1,125,223	50,247	-	1,175,470
Buildings and improvements	43,899	-	-	43,899
	4,246,759	\$ 62,122	\$ -	4,308,881
Less accumulated depreciation	2,713,261	\$ 130,339	\$ -	2,843,600
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	1,533,498	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1,465,281
Water and Wastewater Fund				
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	292,814	\$-	\$-	292,814
	292,814	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	292,814
Depreciable capital assets				
Buildings and improvements	14,466	\$-	\$-	14,466
Distribution system	16,923,941	- 97,145	ך - -	17,021,086
Equipment	1,101,951	74,002		1,175,953
Vehicles	237,981	74,002	_	237,981
Venicles	18,278,339	\$ 171,147	\$ -	18,449,486
Less accumulated depreciation	8,606,634	\$ 439,954	\$ -	9,046,588
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	9,671,705	<u> </u>	<u></u>	9,402,898
	3,07 1,703			5,102,050
Natural Gas Fund				
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	73,072	\$-	\$-	73,072
Distribution system	2,624,613	-	-	2,624,613
Equipment	299,889	-	-	299,889
Vehicles	14,668			14,668
	3,012,242	\$ -	\$-	3,012,242
Less accumulated depreciation	2,005,153	\$ 81,165	\$-	2,086,318
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	1,007,089			925,924
Total Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets, net	\$ 12,776,005			\$ 12,357,816

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

	Balance cember 31, 2019	A	ditions	Delet	tions	-	Balance cember 31, 2020
Component Unit							
Westgate Community							
Improvement District							
Depreciable capital assets							
Infrastructure	\$ 426,458	\$	-	\$	-	\$	426,458
Less accumulated depreciation	79,806	\$	14,215	\$	-		94,021
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	\$ 346,652					\$	332,437

9. Agreement with Component Unit

In 2013, the Westgate Community Improvement District issued the Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2013 to reimburse the City for project costs in the amount of \$379,441. In 2017, the Westgate Community Improvement District added \$47,017 to this note. The note bears interest of 5.00%. The District will reimburse the City upon receipt of excess sales tax revenue. At December 31, 2020, the outstanding balance on the note is due as follows:

Year Ending					
December 31,	Pri	ncipal	I	nterest	 Total
2021	\$	24,498	\$	15,502	\$ 40,000
2022		25,723		14,277	40,000
2023		27,010		12,990	40,000
2024		28,360		11,640	40,000
2025		29,778		10,222	40,000
2026		31,267		8,733	40,000
2027		32,830		7,170	40,000
2028		34,472		5,528	40,000
2029		36,195		3,805	40,000
2030		38,005		1,995	40,000
2031		1,893		95	 1,988
	\$	310,031	\$	91,957	\$ 401,988

December 31, 2020

10. Assessed Valuation, Tax Levy, & Legal Debt Margin

The assessed valuation of the tangible property and the tax levy per \$100 assessed valuation of that property were as follows:

		2020
Assessed Valuation		
Real estate	\$	59,022,825
Personal property		9,714,291
Total	\$	68,737,116
Tax Rate Per \$100 of Assessed Valuation		
General Fund	<u>\$</u>	.6360

The legal debt margin at December 31, 2020, was computed as follows:

		General Obligation Bonds						
	Ordinary (1)			lditional (2)		Total		
Constitutional Debt Limit	\$	6,873,712	\$	6,873,712	\$	13,747,424		
General Obligation Bonds Payable		-		-		-		
Legal Debt Margin	\$	6,873,712	\$	6,873,712	\$	13,747,424		

(1) Under Article VI, Section 26(b) and (c), Missouri Constitution, the City, by a vote of its qualified electors voting therein, may incur an indebtedness for any purposes authorized in the charter of the City or by any general law of the State of Missouri. The borrowings authorized by this section shall not exceed ten percent of the value of the taxable tangible property in the City.

(2) Under Article VI, Section 26(d) and (e), Missouri Constitution, the City, by a vote of its qualified electors voting therein, may become indebted not exceeding in the aggregate an additional ten percent for the purpose of acquiring rights-of-way, construction, extending, and improving streets and avenues, and/or sanitary or storm sewer systems; and purchasing or constructing waterworks, electric or other light plants, provided that the total general obligation indebtedness of the City does not exceed twenty percent of the value of the taxable tangible property in the City.

11. Employee Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The City's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS). LAGERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established in 1967 and administered in accordance with RSMo. 70.600-70.755. As such, it is LAGERS responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and is tax exempt.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

The responsibility for the operations and administration of LAGERS is vested in the LAGERS Board of Trustees consisting of seven persons. LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by accessing the LAGERS website at www.molagers.org.

Benefits Provided. LAGERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the state statutes governing LAGERS. All benefits vest after 5 years of credited service. Employees who retire on or after age 60 (55 for police) with 5 or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program information provided below. Employees may retire with an early retirement benefit with a minimum of 5 years of credited service and after attaining age 55 (50 for police) and receive a reduced allowance.

	2020 Valuation
Benefit multiplier	2.00% for life
Final average salary	3 years
Member contributions	0%

Benefit terms provide for annual post retirement adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index and is limited to 4% per year.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	General	Police	Total
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	32	7	39
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	25	10	35
Active employees	43	12	55
	100	29	129

Contributions. The City is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by LAGERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year with an additional amount to finance an unfunded accrued liability. Full-time employees of the City do not contribute to the pension plan. The City's contribution rates are 20.1% (General) and 17.1% (Police) of annual covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability. The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of February 29, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the February 29, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation Salary increase Investment rate of return 3.25% wage inflation, 2.50% price inflation 3.25% to 6.55% including inflation 7.25% net of investment expenses

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 disabled mortality table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 employees' mortality table for males and females.

Both the post-retirement and pre-retirement tables were adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the February 29, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period March 1, 2010, through February 28, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Alpha	15.00%	3.67%
Equity	35.00%	4.78%
Fixed Income	31.00%	1.41%
Real Assets	36.00%	3.29%
Strategic Assets	8.00%	5.25%
Cash/Leverage	-25.00%	-0.29%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability				
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)				
General Division							
Balances at beginning of year	\$ 5,705,528	\$ 5,207,835	\$ 497,693				
Changes for the year							
Service cost	201,107	-	201,107				
Interest	410,884	-	410,884				
Difference between expected							
and actual experiences	(278,226)	-	(278,226)				
Contributions - employer	-	314,849	(314,849)				
Net investment income	-	65,763	(65 <i>,</i> 763)				
Benefits paid, including refunds	(278,794)	(278,794)	-				
Administrative expenses	-	(12,101)	12,101				
Other changes	-	(283,767)	283,767				
Net Changes	54,971	(194,050)	249,021				
Balances at end of year	5,760,499	5,013,785	746,714				
Police Division							
Balances at beginning of year	1,512,868	1,484,087	28,781				
Changes for the year							
Service cost	57,248	-	57,248				
Interest	108,219	-	108,219				
Difference between expected							
and actual experiences	42,478	-	42,478				
Contributions - employer	-	79,394	(79,394)				
Net investment income	-	21,354	(21,354)				
Benefits paid, including refunds	(98,355)	(98,355)	-				
Administrative expenses	-	(2,824)	2,824				
Other changes	<u> </u>	112,407	(112,407)				
Net Changes	109,590	111,976	(2,386)				
Balances at end of year	1,622,458	1,596,063	26,395				
Total Plan Balances at End of Year	\$ 7,382,957	\$ 6,609,848	\$ 773,109				

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

	et Pension Liability
Governmental Activities	\$ 441,120
Business-Type Activities	 331,989
	\$ 773,109

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following present the Net Pension Liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the City's Net Pension Liability would be using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate.

	Current Single Discount Rate 1% Decrease Assumption 6.25% 7.25%			1% Increase 8.25%		
General Division						
Total Pension Liability	\$	6,545,169	\$	5,760,499	\$	5,116,252
Fiduciary Net Position		5,013,785		5,013,785		5,013,785
Net Pension Liability (Asset)		1,531,384		746,714		102,467
Police Division						
Total Pension Liability		1,873,280		1,622,458		1,419,748
Fiduciary Net Position		1,596,063		1,596,063		1,596,063
Net Pension Liability (Asset)		277,217		26,395		(176,315)
Total Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	1,808,601	\$	773,109	\$	(73,848)

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the City recognized a pension expense of \$555,411. The City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred (Inflow) Outflow of Resources		Net Deferred v (Inflow) Outflo of Resources	
General Division						
Differences in experiences	\$	121,031	\$	(282,744)	\$	(161,713)
Differences in assumptions		5,401		-		5,401
Excess (deficit) investment returns		126,533		-		126,533
Contributions subsequent to						
the measurement date*		162,891		-		162,891
		415,856		(282,744)		133,112
Police Division						
Differences in experiences		83,560		(10,092)		73,468
Differences in assumptions		1,368		-		1,368
Excess (deficit) investment returns		42,661		-		42,661
Contributions subsequent to						
the measurement date*		40,723		-		40,723
		168,312		(10,092)		158,220
Total	\$	584,168	\$	(292,836)	\$	291,332
Governmental Activities	\$	399,278	\$	(167,127)	\$	232,151
Business-Type Activities	Ŧ		т	(Ŧ	
Electric Fund		77,412		(52,183)		25,229
Water and Wastewater Fund		, 82,674		(56,119)		26,555
Natural Gas Fund		24,804		(17,407)		7,397
		184,890		(125,709)	1	59,181
Total	\$	584,168	\$	(292,836)	\$	291,332

*The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the year ending December 31, 2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	General	Police	Total
Year Ending December 31,	Net Deferred (Inflow) Outflow of Resources	Net Deferred (Inflow) Outflow of Resources	Net Deferred (Inflow) Outflow of Resources
2021	\$ (72,397)	\$ 18,078	\$ (54,319)
2022	(27,050)	26,060	(990)
2023	28,506	37,455	65,961
2024	41,162	32,172	73,334
2025		3,733	3,733
	\$ (29,779)	\$ 117,498	\$ 87,719

Payable to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2020, the City had \$29,503 of contributions reported as payable to the pension plan.

12. Economic Dependency

The City of Waynesville, Missouri's economy is largely dependent on the revenues derived from military personnel stationed at Fort Leonard Wood, Missouri, which adjoins the City limits. Fort Leonard Wood's population changes have a substantial influence on the local economy. The closing of the military base would have a significant impact on the operations of the City.

13. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has transferred its risk by obtaining coverage from a public self-insured insurance pool. In addition, it has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year.

14. Claims & Adjustments

The City participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulation, the City may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of December 31, 2020, expenditures have not been audited by grantor governments, but the City believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual government funds or the overall financial position of the City.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

15. Interfund Transfers

Transfers between funds of the City for the year ended December 31, 2020, were as follows:

	T	Transfers Out		
General Fund	\$	657,569	\$	-
Transportation Fund		316,824		-
Debt Service Fund		700,617		-
Electric Fund		-		729,983
Water and Wastewater Fund		-		723,075
Natural Gas Fund		-		221,952
	\$	1,675,010	\$	1,675,010

Transfers are used to (1) move receipts from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to disburse them, and (2) use unrestricted receipts in the Enterprise Funds and Governmental Funds to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

16. Commitment

At December 31, 2020, the City was committed to Burns & McDonnell Engineering for airport terminal area master plan in the amount of \$249,593.

17. Pledged Revenues

Water and Wastewater Fund

The City has pledged future water and wastewater customer revenues to repay the 2011 Combined Waterworks and Sewerage Revenue Bonds issued to improve and expand the combined system. The bonds are payable solely from customer net revenues and are payable through 2031. Net revenues are revenues of the system less expenses of the system with the exception of depreciation. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$3,131,672. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$283,094 and \$1,435,398, respectively.

18. Conduit Debt

On December 21, 2012, the City authorized the issuance of \$10,000,000 aggregate maximum principal amount of Industrial Development Revenue Bonds, Series 2013. The issuance is authorized in accordance with Chapter 100 RSMo in order to provide economic financial assistance to a third-party private entity and the City has no obligation beyond the rents, revenues and receipts derived by the City from the Project; therefore, the issue does not constitute a debt of the City and, accordingly, is not included in the City's statement of net position.

19. Debt Refunding Loss

On April 1, 2016, the City issued \$2,015,000 in Series 2016 Certificates of Participation with interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 3.00%. The City issued the certificates to refund \$2,395,000 of the outstanding 2007 Certificates of Participation

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2020

with interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 4.45%. The advance refunding resulted in the recognition of a deferred loss of \$90,804.

The deferred loss is amortized as an adjustment to interest expense through 2026. A summary of the deferred loss on debt refunding is listed below:

	Balance December 31, 2019		Ado	litions	-	urrent ortization	Balance December 31, 2020		
Governmental Activities	\$	8,513	\$	-	\$	(1,362)	\$	7,151	
Business-Type Activities									
Electric Fund		15,323		-		(2,451)		12,872	
Water and Wastewater Fund		27,242		-		(4,359)		22,883	
Natural Gas Fund		5,675		-	_	(908)		4,767	
	\$	56,753	\$	-	\$	(9,080)	\$	47,673	

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Year Ended December 31, 2020

Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS)												
		2020		2019	2018		2017		2016		2015	
Total Pension Liability												
Service Cost	\$	258,355	\$	244,246	\$	236,248	\$	252,887	\$	229,483	\$	203,718
Interest on the Total Pension Liability Difference between expected and		519,103		474,443		455,928		441,448		393,077		364,481
actual experience		(235,748)		278,824		(73,345)		(146,872)		58,079		66,751
Changes of Assumptions		-		-		-		-		265,644		-
Benefit payments including refunds		(377,149)		(399,359)		(336,509)		(342,498)		(240,489)		(265,438)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		164,561		598,154		282,322		204,965		705,794		369,512
Total Pension Liability, Beginning		7,218,396		6,620,242		6,337,920		6,132,955		5,427,161		5057649
Total Pension Liability, Ending		7,382,957		7,218,396		6,620,242		6,337,920		6,132,955		5,427,161
Plan Fiduciary Net Position												
Contributions - employer Pension Plan Net Investment Income		394,243		400,288		380,440		357,320		363,432		346,321
(Loss)		87,117		410,581		706,965		610,680		(2,555)		88,052
Benefit payments, including refunds		(377,149)		(399,359)		(336,509)		(342,498)		(240,489)		(265,438)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(14,925)		(13,162)		(9,135)		(8,597)		(8,244)		(8,762)
Other		(171,360)		(13,914)		16,174		27,413		63,667		(15,982)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(82,074)		384,434		757,935		644,318		175,811		144,191
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning	_	6,691,922		6,307,488		5,549,553		4,905,235		4,729,424		4,585,233
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Ending		6,609,848		6,691,922		6,307,488		5,549,553		4,905,235		4,729,424
Employer Net Pension Liability	\$	773,109	\$	526,474	\$	312,754	\$	788,367	\$	1,227,720	\$	697,737
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		89.53%		92.71%		95.28%		87.56%		79.98%		87.14%
Covered payroll	\$	2,056,658	\$	1,939,790	\$	1,785,682	\$	1,770,160	\$	1,970,387	\$	1,642,569
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		37.59%		27.14%		17.51%		44.54%		62.31%		42.48%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Contributions

Year Ended December 31, 2020

Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS)										
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 401,382	\$ 391,435	\$ 399,509	\$ 364,423	\$ 359,297	\$ 358,187	\$ 341,204	\$ 302,278	\$ 262,637	\$ 280,200
actuarially determined contribution	401,382	391,435	399,509	364,423	359,297	354,061	341,204	300,346	260,021	276,926
Contribution deficiency	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 4,126	\$ -	\$ 1,932	\$ 2,616	\$ 3,274
Covered payroll	\$ 2,062,611	\$ 2,051,240	\$ 2,024,113	\$ 1,873,262	\$ 1,924,495	\$1,790,341	\$ 1,690,534	\$ 1,594,041	\$ 1,362,921	\$ 1,341,864
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.46%	19.08%	19.74%	19.45%	18.67%	19.78%	20.18%	18.84%	19.08%	20.64%

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Contributions.

Notes to the Schedule of Contributions

Year Ended December 31, 2020

Valuation Date: February 29, 2020

Notes: The roll-forward of total pension liability from February 29, 2020, to June 30, 2020, reflects expected service cost and interest reduced by actual benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal and Modified Terminal Funding

Amortization Method: A level percentage of payroll amortization method is used to amortize the UAAL over a closed period of years. If the UAAL (excluding the UAAL associated with benefit changes) is negative, then this amount is amortized over the greater of (i) the remaining initial amortization period, or (ii) 15 years.

Remaining Amortization Period: Multiple bases from 9 to 22 years for the General Division and 11 to 22 years for the Police Division.

Asset Valuation Method: 5-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Inflation: 3.25% wage inflation; 2.50% price inflation

Salary Increases: 3.25% to 6.55% including wage inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.25%, net of investment expenses

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition

Mortality: The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 disabled mortality table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 employees' mortality table for males and females.

Both the post-retirement and pre-retirement tables were adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

Other Information: None

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Origir Budg		Final Budget Actual		Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
Revenues								
Taxes								
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 40	0,000 \$	5 448,527	\$	448,527	\$	-	
City sales tax	75	0,000	834,630		834,630		-	
Motor vehicle taxes	19	2,500	189,533		189,533		-	
Utility franchise tax	13	5,000	76,002		76,002		-	
Financial institution taxes		2,000	-		-		-	
Railroad and utility tax		800	-		-	_	-	
	1,48	0,300	1,548,692		1,548,692		-	
Licenses and Permits								
Building permits	1	5,000	16,130		16,130		-	
Other licenses and permits	1	2,350	12,205		12,205		-	
	2	7,350	28,335		28,335		-	
Intergovernmental Revenues								
Federal and state grants	4,05	2,000	3,708,847		3,708,847		-	
Charges for Services								
Fuel sales	50	0,000	388,089		388,089		-	
Rental income	32	5,000	310,889		310,889		-	
Animal control	6	0,000	139,146		139,146		-	
Other	13	8,300	71,992		71,992		-	
	1,02	3,300	910,116		910,116		-	
Fines and Forfeitures								
City court fines	20	1,000	89,922		89,922		-	
Miscellaneous								
Interest	1	2,000	15,633		15,633		-	
Other	4	5,800	72,654		72,654		-	
	5	7,800	88,287		88,287		-	
Total Revenues	6,84	1,750	6,374,199		6,374,199		-	

See accompanying notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Expenditures				
Current				
City hall	1,029,030	2,531,929	2,531,929	-
Fire	314,000	313,137	313,137	-
Public safety	968,445	885,976	885,976	-
Municipal court	140,565	134,205	134,205	-
Street	274,802	263,388	263,388	-
Airport	4,743,609	3,999,957	3,999,957	-
Animal shelter	245,371	236,159	236,159	-
Building department	111,937	125,920	125,920	-
Debt Service				
Principal and interest	734,500	299,795	299,795	
Total Expenditures	8,562,259	8,790,466	8,790,466	
(Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,720,509)	(2,416,267)	(2,416,267)	-
Other Financing Sources				
Sale of property	-	335,579	335,579	-
Lease purchase proceeds	150,000	1,519,997	1,519,997	-
Operating transfers in	1,054,524	657,569	657,569	-
Total Other Financing Sources	1,204,524	2,513,145	2,513,145	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues and Other				
Sources Over Expenditures	(515,985)	96,878	96,878	-
Fund Balance, January 1	1,558,351	1,558,351	1,558,351	-
Fund Balance, December 31	\$ 1,042,366	\$ 1,655,229	\$ 1,655,229	\$-

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Transportation Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Budget	
Revenues								
Taxes								
Transportation sales tax	\$	260,000	\$	277,869	\$	277,869	\$	-
Intergovernmental Revenue		-		61,520		61,520		-
Total Revenues		260,000		339,389		339,389		-
Expenditures								
Current								
Street		321,000		720,507		720,507		-
Debt Service								
Principal and interest		176,200		191,415		191,415		-
Total Expenditures		497,200		911,922		911,922		-
(Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(237,200)		(572,533)		(572,533)		-
Other Financing Sources								
Lease proceeds		-		134,900		134,900		-
Operating transfer in		-		316,824		316,824		-
Total Other Financing Sources		-		451,724		451,724		-
(Deficit) of Revenues and Other Sources								
Over Expenditures		(237,200)		(120,809)		(120,809)		-
Fund Balance, January 1		386,584		386,584		386,584		-
Fund Balance, December 31	\$	149,384	\$	265,775	\$	265,775	\$	-

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Park and Pool Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Budget	
Revenues								
Taxes								
Sales taxes	\$	415,000	\$	443,555	\$	443,555	\$	-
Intergovernmental Revenues								
Federal and state grants		88,000		61,987		61,987		-
Charges for Services								
Rental and membership		123,000		78,306		78,306		-
Miscellaneous								
Fees		2,000		3,100		3,100		-
Donations		-		24,054		24,054		-
Interest income		250		280		280		-
Miscellaneous		56,000		8,526		8,526		-
		58,250		35,960		35,960		-
Total Revenues		684,250		619,808		619,808		-
Expenditures								
Current								
Parks and pool		576,736		406,874		406,874		-
Total Expenditures		576,736		406,874		406,874		-
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		107,514		212,934		212,934		-
Fund Balance, January 1		714,426		714,426		714,426		-
Fund Balance, December 31	\$	821,940	\$	927,360	\$	927,360	\$	_

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Community Improvement District Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2020

	6		Final Budget			Variance With Final Budget		
Revenues								
Miscellaneous								
Other	\$	65,000	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	-
Total Revenues		65,000		50,000		50,000		-
Expenditures								
Community improvements		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		-		-		-		_
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		65,000		50,000		50,000		-
Fund Balance, January 1		152,566		152,566		152,566		-
Fund Balance, December 31	\$	217,566	\$	202,566	\$	202,566	\$	-

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules

Year Ended December 31, 2020

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to January, Administration submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditure plans for all fund types and the proposed means of financing them.
- 2. One public hearing is conducted by the City Council in late November or early December to obtain taxpayers' comments on the proposed budget and tax levy.
- 3. Prior to January 1, ordinances are passed by the Council, which provide for legally adopted budgets for all funds of the City.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for all funds of the City.
- 5. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Budgeted amounts may be amended during the year by the City Council on approved budget adjustment forms.

Other Reporting Requirements



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Waynesville Waynesville, Missouri

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the discretely presented component unit of the City of Waynesville, Missouri, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Waynesville, Missouri's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon, dated June 8, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Waynesville, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Waynesville, Missouri's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2020-001, that we consider to be a material weakness.

www.kpmcpa.com

1445 E. Republic Road Springfield, MO 65804 | 417-882-4300 | fax 417-882-4343

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Waynesville, Missouri's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Waynesville, Missouri's Response to Findings

The City's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Waynesville, Missouri's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Waynesville, Missouri's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KPM CPAS, PC

KPM CPAs, PC Springfield, Missouri June 8, 2021



Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Waynesville Waynesville, Missouri

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Waynesville, Missouri's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the City's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2020. The City of Waynesville, Missouri's major federal programs are identified in the summary of audit results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the City of Waynesville, Missouri's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Audits* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Waynesville, Missouri's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Waynesville, Missouri, complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2020.

www.kpmcpa.com

1445 E. Republic Road Springfield, MO 65804 | 417-882-4300 | fax 417-882-4343

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Waynesville, Missouri, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

KPM CPAS, PC

KPM CPAs, PC Springfield, Missouri June 8, 2021

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Federal CFDA	Pass-through	Pass-through	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Grantor's Number	to Subrecipients	
U.S. Department of Transportation				.
Missouri Department of Transportation				
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	17-057B-1	\$-	\$ 181,081
COVID 19 - Airport Improvement Program	20.106	20-057B-1	-	24,816
			-	205,897
Direct				
Payments for Essential Air Services	20.901	N/A	-	2,956,698
Fayments for Essential All Services	20.901	N/A		2,930,098
Missouri Department of Natural Resources				
Recreational Trails Program	20.219	2018-09	-	52,481
U U				,
Highway Safety Cluster				
Missouri Department of Transportation Highway				
Safety and Traffic Division				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	20-PT-02-103	-	8,702
Alashal Impaired Driving Countermoscures				
Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures	20.601			7 41 4
Incentive Grants	20.001	20-M5HVE-03-020		7,414 16,116
				10,110
University of Central Missouri				
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	20-154-AL-017		2,242
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			-	3,233,434
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
State Emergency Management Agency				
Disaster Grant - Public Assistance	97.036	FEMA-4451-DR-MO	-	19,479
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			-	19,479
U.S. Department of Treasury				
Pulaski County				
COVID 19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	-	-	32,019
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			-	32,019
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ -	\$ 3,284,932
N/A = Not applicable				

N/A – Not applicable

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended December 31, 2020

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the City of Waynesville, Missouri, under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Waynesville, Missouri, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City of Waynesville, Missouri.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The City of Waynesville, Missouri, has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

3. Subrecipients

The City of Waynesville, Missouri, did not provide funds to subrecipients in the current year.

Summary Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended December 31, 2020

Section I – Summary of Audit Results

Financial Statements			
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:		Unmodified	
Internal Control over Financial Reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		No	
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major federal programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified?		No	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported	
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal program:		Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2CFR 200.516(a)?		No	
Identification of major federal program:	1		
CFDA Number(s) 20.901	Name of Federal Program or Cluster Payments for Essential Air Services		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		No	

Summary Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended December 31, 2020

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

Material Weakness

2020-001 Segregation of duties

Condition: Because of a limited number of available personnel, it is not always possible to adequately segregate certain incompatible duties so that no one employee has access to both physical assets and the related accounting records, or to all phases of a transaction. The City currently has personnel in place to handle the accounting needs of the City. There are some mitigating controls in place, but it is not possible to have segregation in all areas.

Criteria: Duties should be segregated so that no one employee has access to both physical assets and the related accounting records, or to all phases of a transaction.

Effect: Risk is present that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material to the basic financial statements may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Recommendation: We realize that because of limited resources and personnel, management may not be able to achieve a proper segregation of duties; however, our professional standards require that we bring this lack of segregation of duties to your attention in this report.

Response: The limited number of available personnel prohibits segregation of incompatible duties and the City does not have the resources to hire additional accounting personnel.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended December 31, 2020

Financial Statement Finding

Material Weakness

2019-001 Segregation of duties

Auditor's Recommendation: We realize that because of limited resources and personnel, management may not be able to achieve a proper segregation of duties; however, our professional standards require that we bring this lack of segregation of duties to your attention in this report.

Status: Uncorrected

Corrective Action Plan

Year Ended December 31, 2020

U.S. Department of Transportation

City of Waynesville, Missouri respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Contact information for the individual responsible for the corrective action:

Mr. John Doyle, City Administrator City of Waynesville, Missouri 100 Tremont Drive Waynesville, MO 65583

Independent public accounting firm: KPM CPAs, PC, 1445 E. Republic Road, Springfield, MO 65804

Audit Period: December 31, 2020

The finding from the December 31, 2020, audit of the financial statements is below. The City did not have any major federal award program findings. The finding is numbered with the number assigned in the schedule.

Financial Statement Audit

Material Weakness

2020-001 Segregation of Duties

Recommendation: Duties should be segregated so that no one employee has access to both physical assets and the related accounting records, or to all phases of a transaction.

Corrective Action Plan Taken: Because of the limited number of available personnel, management is not able to achieve proper segregation of duties. Management does have mitigating controls in place.

Anticipated Completion Date: N/A

Sincerely,

Mr. John Doyle, City Administrator City of Waynesville, MO



Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Waynesville Waynesville, Missouri

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of the City of Waynesville, Missouri, for the year ended December 31, 2020, we considered the City's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed in the Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness.

In addition to the material weakness discussed in the Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we became aware of additional matters to bring to your attention. The following paragraphs summarize our comments and recommendations regarding these matters.

1. Cybersecurity

Cybersecurity threats are increasing and government entities of all sizes are at risk for a breach of their information systems. With this increase in risk, entities should be continually evaluating risk and taking steps necessary to ensure the security of information systems. Steps include identifying critical information systems, training employees to properly identify threats received in emails or by other means, and adopting internal communication methods other than email.

It is important that entities develop a recovery plan outlining procedures that personnel should follow once a cybersecurity breach is discovered. Additionally, entities should be aware of any insurance in place to help protect them from liabilities that can occur as the result of a breach.

We Recommend:

The City continue to evaluate its cybersecurity risks and take the necessary steps to reduce the risk of cybersecurity threats to their information systems. This evaluation should be performed frequently as technology and information systems are continually changing.

www.kpmcpa.com

1445 E. Republic Road Springfield, MO 65804 | 417-882-4300 | fax 417-882-4343 500 W. Main Street, Suite 200 Branson, MO 65616 | 417-334-2987 | fax 417-336-3403 Member of The Leading Edge Alliance

2. New Pronouncement

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following pronouncements that may affect the City in future years:

GASB Statement No. 87 – *Leases* – This Statement establishes a single model for lease accounting. It changes the definition of a lease and requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases. The effective date is for the City's year ending December 31, 2022.

We Recommend:

Management examine the new pronouncements to determine the effect these will have on future financial reporting and to ensure successful implementation on the effective dates.

3. Bank Reconciliations

During the audit, it was noted that bank accounts were not being reconciled to the general ledger on a monthly basis. This resulted in minor discrepancies between the bank reconciliation and the general ledger that were carried over for months before being discovered and corrected. Additionally, bank reconciliations did not show proof of independent review on a monthly basis. The City plans to convert to the bank reconciliation module in the accounting software. This will help ensure that the reconciliation process reflects the proper general ledger balances.

We Recommend:

The City review the bank reconciliation process to ensure the reconciliation is properly agreeing with the general ledger each month during the year. If a discrepancy is discovered, it should be corrected in the month that it occurs. This will alleviate the additional work required to correct multiple discrepancies at one time. Additionally, we recommend someone independent of the bank reconciliation process review the monthly reconciliation for accuracy and completeness.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed these comments and suggestions with the City's administrative personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional studies of this matter or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

We appreciate this opportunity to serve as the City of Waynesville, Missouri's independent auditors and the courtesies and assistance extended to us by the City's employees.

Respectfully submitted,

KPM CPAS, PC

KPM CPAs, PC Springfield, Missouri June 8, 2021



Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Waynesville Waynesville, Missouri

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and each major fund of the City of Waynesville, Missouri, for the year ended December 31, 2020. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, Uniform Guidance, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated January 7, 2021. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City of Waynesville, Missouri, are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended December 31, 2020. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate(s) affecting the business-type activities' financial statements was management's estimate of the allowance for doubtful accounts, which is based on historical utility revenues, historical loss levels, and an analysis of the collectability of individual accounts. Management's estimate of the allowance for doubtful accounts for taxes receivable is based on the aged accounts receivable balance. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the allowances in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

www.kpmcpa.com

1445 E. Republic Road Springfield, MO 65804 | 417-882-4300 | fax 417-882-4343 500 W. Main Street, Suite 200 Branson, MO 65616 | 417-334-2987 | fax 417-336-3403 Member of The Leading Edge Alliance

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. The following material misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures were corrected by management:

• Trust Statement Activity

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated June 8, 2021.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditors' opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the Management's Discussion and Analysis, pension information and budgetary comparison information, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the Untied States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the City Council and management of the City of Waynesville, Missouri, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

KPM CPAS, PC

KPM CPAs, PC Springfield, Missouri June 8, 2021